

PREFACE

This Service Manual describes the technical features and servicing procedures for the KYMCO **Quannon 125**.

Section 1 contains the precautions for all operations stated in this manual. Read them carefully before starting any operation.

Section 2 is the inspection/ adjustment procedures, safety rules and service information for each part, starting from periodic maintenance.

Sections 3 and 4 state the servicing procedures and cautions for the removal and installation of lubrication and fuel systems.

Sections 5 through 18 give instructions for disassembly, assembly and inspection of engine, chassis frame and electrical equipment.

Most sections start with an assembly or system illustration and troubleshooting for the section. The subsequent pages give detailed procedures for the section.

The information and contents included in this manual may be different from the motorcycle in case specifications are changed.

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KWANG YANG MOTOR CO., LTD.

Quality Technology Division

Education Section

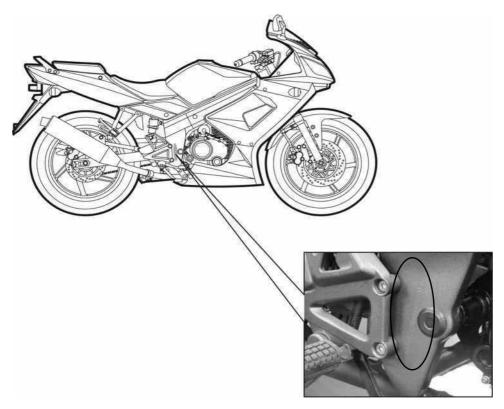


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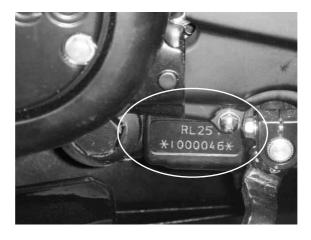
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SERIAL NUMBER



Location of Frame Serial Number



Location of Engine Serial Number



SPECIFICATIONS

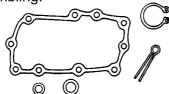
Name & Model No.					RL25BA		
Moto	orcycle	Name	& T	ype	QUANNON 125		
Ove	rall leng	gth			2057mm		
Overall width					725mm		
Ove	rall heig	ght			1174mm		
Whe	el base)			1355mm		
	ine type				SOHC 4V		
_	laceme	ent			124.1cc		
Fuel	Used				92# nonleaded		
1	/_		F	-4 ! 1	gasoline		
	rson (5	okg)		nt wheel	96		
weig	jht (kg)			ar wheel	126		
2 22	maan /1	101.~\		Total	222		
	rson (1	rukg)		nt wheel	98		
weig	jht(kg)			ar wheel	194 292		
<u> </u>				Total nt wheel	292 110/80-17		
Tire	es spec			ar wheel	140/70-17		
Grou	Ground clearance		ai Wilcei	170mm			
Perf	_) (m)			
	Perfo Braking distance (n man Min. turning radius				7.8m 2550/2525mm		
ce	I			ilus	2550/252511111		
	Starting system				Ctarting mater		
		g sysi	em		Starting motor		
	Type				Gasoline, 4-stroke		
	Cylind		_		Single cylinder		
				ber type	Semi-sphere O.H.C. 4V		
	Valve				φ 56.5x 49.5		
	Bore x		•		φ 30.3x 49.3 11:1		
	Compi				11.1		
	(kg/cm		n pro		13±2		
▥	Max. c	utput	(ps/r	pm)	13.0/9500		
ngine	Max. to	orque	(N.n	n/rpm)	1.0/8500		
Э		Intake	_	BTDC	0°		
	Port	- Trans		ABDC	23°		
	timing	Exha	uet	BBDC	-6°		
			uəl —	ATDC	43.5°		
	Valve			Intake	0.06 mm		
	clearance			Exhaust	0.06 mm		
	Idle speed (r		pm)		1600±100rpm		
			catio	n type	Forced pressure & Wet sump		
	Lubrica	Oil pu	ımp	type	Inner/outer rotor type		
	atic	Oil filt		-	Wire gauze filter		
	ĭ	Oil ca		-	1.1 liters		
	Coolin	•	•		Oil cooling		
	Coolin	д Тур	Э		Oil cooling		

Fuel capacity 13.5 liters Correction Type CVK Piston dia. φ 26.5 Venturi dia. φ 25 Throttle type Vacuum Type CDI Ignition timing 30°±2/4000rpm Contact breaker Spark plug gap 0.7mm Battery Capacity 12V7AH Clutch Type Wet-multi-disc clutch Gean Transmission Operation Foot operated Type International type Reduction 1st 2.85 Ratio 2nd 2.06 3rd 1.44 4th 1.13 5th 0.92 Turning angle Left 32° Right 32° Right 32° Brake system Front Disk (276mm)	1	1					1
Throttle type	۱ ـ	Air cleaner type & No					Paper element
Throttle type	ue.						
Throttle type	l S ₎	Car					
Throttle type	/ste	nq.					'
Type CDI Ignition timing 30°±2/4000rpm Contact breaker Spark plug gap 0.7mm Battery Capacity 12V7AH Clutch Type Wet-multi-disc clutch Gransmission Type International type Contact breaker Spark plug gap 0.7mm Battery Capacity 12V7AH Clutch Type Wet-multi-disc clutch Gransmission Type International type Reduction 1st 2.85 2nd 2.06 3rd 1.44 4th 1.13 5th 0.92 Turning Left 32° Right 32° Right 32° Rear 2.0 Turning Left 32° Right 32° Right 32° Rear Disk (276mm) Rear Disk (220mm) Suspension Type Rear Single swing Shock absorber Front Telescope Rear Single swing Shock absorber Front Telescope Rear Single swing Single swing	m	reto					φ 25
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Battery Capacity 12V7AH	ctric	itio	С	ontact bre	Эг	aker	
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type Rear Single swing	am evi				I	Rear	
type Rear Single swing	çe Pin	Shock	(a	absorber	F	ront	Telescope
1	g		_				
	Frame	type				-	-

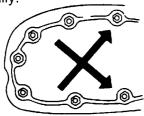


SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

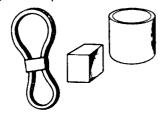
■ Make sure to install new gaskets, O-rings, circlips, cotter pins, etc. when reassembling.



■ When tightening bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter to smaller ones at several times, and tighten to the specified torque diagonally.



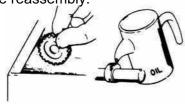
■ Use genuine parts and lubricants.



■ When servicing the motorcycle, be sure to use special tools for removal and installation.



After disassembly, clean removed parts. Lubricate sliding surfaces with engine oil before reassembly.



Apply or add designated greases and lubricants to the specified lubrication points.



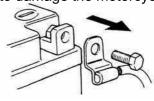
■ After reassembly, check all parts for proper tightening and operation.



■ When two persons work together, pay attention to the mutual working safety.



- Disconnect the battery negative (-) terminal before operation.
- When using a spanner or other tools, make sure not to damage the motorcycle surface.

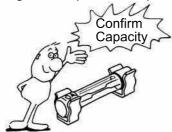


- After operation, check all connecting points, fasteners, and lines for proper connection and installation.
- When connecting the battery, the positive (+) terminal must be connected first.
- After connection, apply grease to the battery terminals.
- Terminal caps shall be installed securely.





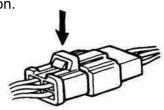
If the fuse is burned out, find the cause and repair it. Replace it with a new one according to the specified capacity.



■ After operation, terminal caps shall be installed securely.



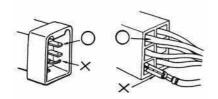
■ When taking out the connector, the lock on the connector shall be released before operation.



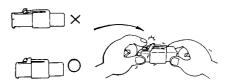
- Hold the connector body when connecting or disconnecting it.
- Do not pull the connector wire.



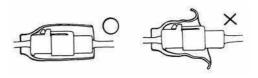
■ Check if any connector terminal is bending, protruding or loose.



- The connector shall be inserted completely.
- If the double connector has a lock, lock it at the correct position.
- Check if there is any loose wire.



Before connecting a terminal, check for damaged terminal cover or loose negative terminal.



Check the double connector cover for proper coverage and installation.

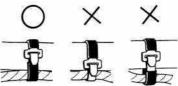


- Insert the terminal completely.
- Check the terminal cover for proper coverage.
- Do not make the terminal cover opening face up.



Secure wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations.

Tighten the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wire harnesses.

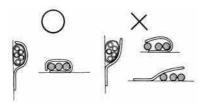






KYMCO

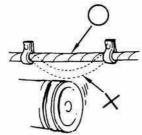
■ After clamping, check each wire to make sure it is secure.



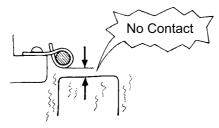
■ Do not squeeze wires against the weld or its clamp.



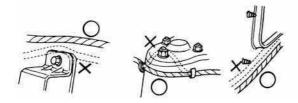
■ After clamping, check each harness to make sure that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts.



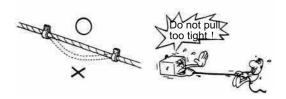
■ When fixing the wire harnesses, do not make it contact the parts which will generate high heat.



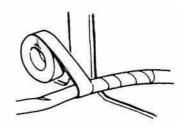
- Route wire harnesses to avoid sharp edges or corners. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.
- Route wire harnesses passing through the side of bolts and screws. Avoid the projected ends of bolts and screws.



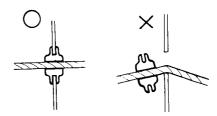
■ Route harnesses so they are neither pulled tight nor have excessive slack.



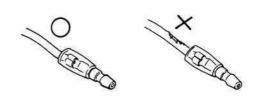
■ Protect wires and harnesses with electrical tape or tube if they contact a sharp edge or corner.



■ When rubber protecting cover is used to protect the wire harnesses, it shall be installed securely.



- Do not break the sheath of wire.
- If a wire or harness is with a broken sheath, repair by wrapping it with protective tape or replace it.

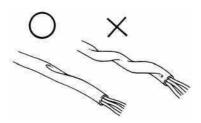


■ When installing other parts, do not press or squeeze the wires.





■ After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.



■ Wire harnesses routed along with handlebar should not be pulled tight, have excessive slack or interfere with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.



■ When a testing device is used, make sure to understand the operating methods thoroughly and operate according to the operating instructions.



■ Be careful not to drop any parts.



■ When rust is found on a terminal, remove the rust with sand paper or equivalent before connecting.

Remove Rust



The following symbols represent the servicing methods and cautions included in this service manual.



: Apply engine oil to the specified points. (Use designated engine oil for lubrication.)



: Apply grease for lubrication.



: Transmission Gear Oil (90#)



: Use special tool.



: Caution



: Warning





TORQUE VALUES

STANDARD TORQUE VALUES

Item	Torque (kg-m)	Item	Torque (kg-m)
5mm bolt, nut	0.45~0.6	5mm screw	0.35~0.5
6mm bolt, nut	0.8~1.2	6mm screw, SH bolt	0.7~1.1
8mm bolt, nut	1.8~2.0	6mm flange bolt, nut	1.0~1.4
10mm bolt, nut	3.0~4.0	8mm flange bolt, nut	2.0~3.0
12mm bolt, nut	5.0~6.0	10mm flange bolt, nut	3.5~4.5

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners.

ENGINE

Item	Qʻty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (kg-m)	Remarks
Cylinder head bolt A	2	8	2.8~3.2	
Cylinder head bolt B	2	8	$2.8 \sim 3.2$	
Oil filter lock nut	1	36	$1.5 \sim 3.0$	
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	2	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Valve adjusting lock nut	4	5	$1.4 \sim 1.8$	
Oil removal bolt	1	12	$2.0 \sim 3.0$	
Cylinder head bolt	4	8	$2.3 \sim 2.8$	
Flywheel lock bolt	1	14	$4.0 \sim 5.0$	
Cylinder head cover bolt	4	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Oil pump bolt	2	6	$0.7 \sim 1.1$	
Oil filter lock nut	1	16	$4.0 \sim 5.0$	
Rocker arm lock bolt	3	8	$1.5 \sim 2.0$	
Cylinder head lock bolt	1	8x79	$1.5 \sim 2.0$	
Cylinder side bolt	2	6x22	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Crankcase assembly bolt	10	6	$0.8 \sim 1.5$	
Crankshaft damper bolt	1	6x25	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Right crankcase cover bolt	8	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Left crankcase cover bolt	4	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
A.C. generator coil lock bolt	4	5	$0.4 \sim 1.7$	
Starter gear set plate bolt	2	6	$1.0 \sim 1.6$	
Carburetor lock bolt	2	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	





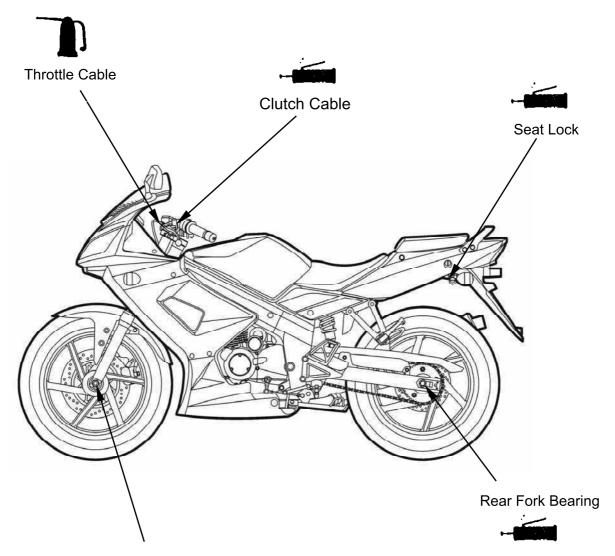
FRAME

Item	Qʻty	Thread dia.(mm)	Torque (kg-m)	Remarks
Steering stem lock nut	1	22	6.0~8.0	
Front axle nut	1	14	$5.5 \sim 7.0$	
Rear axle nut	1	16	$6.0 \sim 8.0$	
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	2	10	$3.0 \sim 4.0$	
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	2	10	$3.0 \sim 4.0$	
Rear fork pivot nut	1	12	$5.5 \sim 7.0$	
Handlebar lock bolt	4	6	$0.8 \sim 1.2$	
Rear driven gear bolt	4	8	$1.8 \sim 2.0$	
Rear brake panel bolt	1	8	$2.4 \sim 3.0$	

SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool Name	Tool No.	Remarks	Ref. Page
Flywheel puller	E005		Ph 8-3
Bearing puller 18mm	E008		Ph10
Lock nut wrench	E010		
Valve adjuster	E012		Ph 2-5
Oil seal & bearing installer	E014		
Bearing puller 15mm	E018		Ph10
Bearing puller 12mm	E020		Ph10
Flywheel holder	E021		Ph 8-3
Crankshaft bearing puller	E030		Ph10
Bearing puller 10mm	E031		Ph10
Valve spring compressor	E040		Ph 6-9
Race cone install	F005		
Steering stem wrench	F006		
Steering stem lock nut wrench	F007		

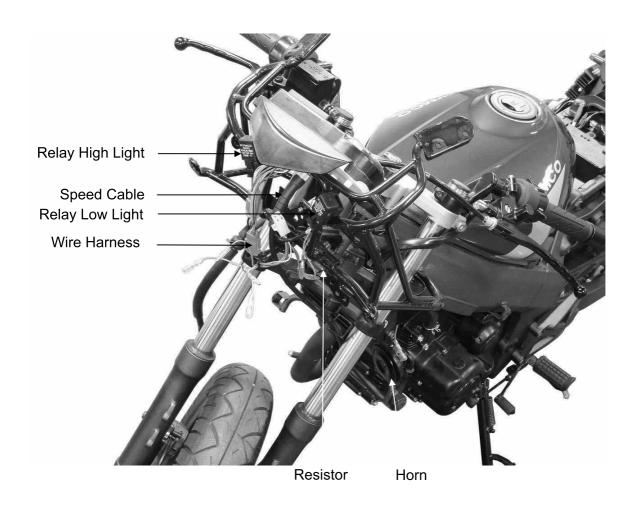
LUBRICATION POINTS



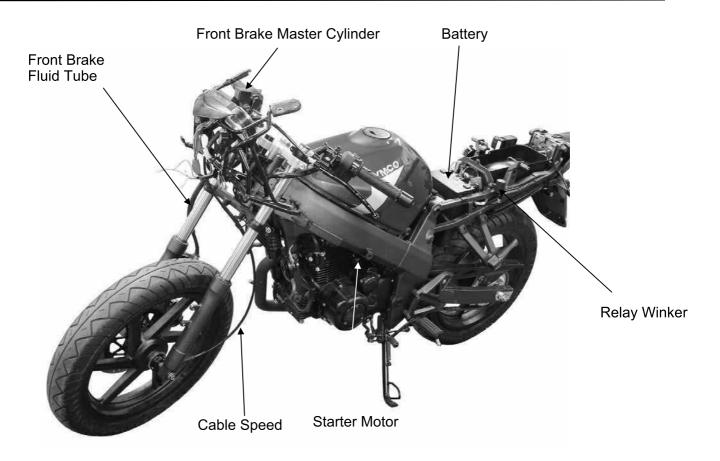
Speedometer Gear/ Front Wheel Bearing

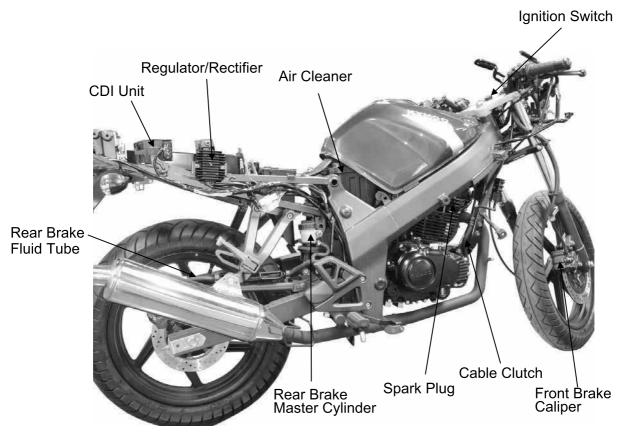


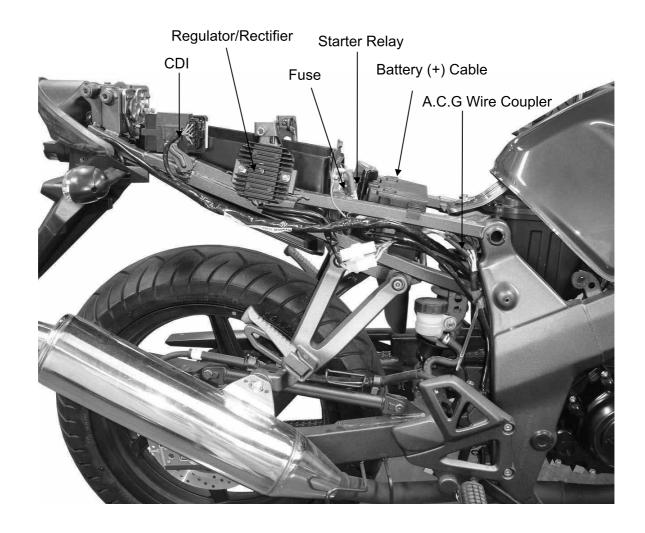
CABLE & HARNESS ROUTING









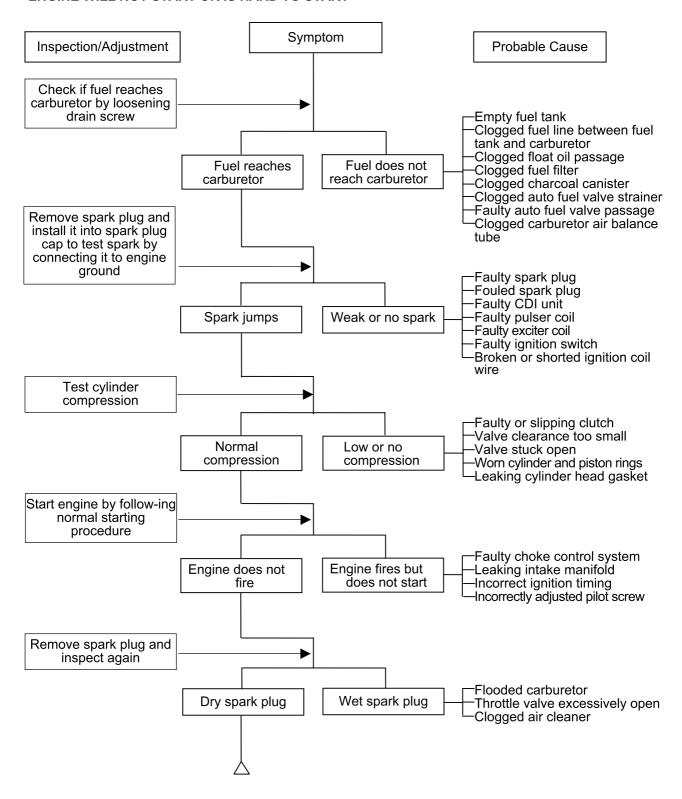






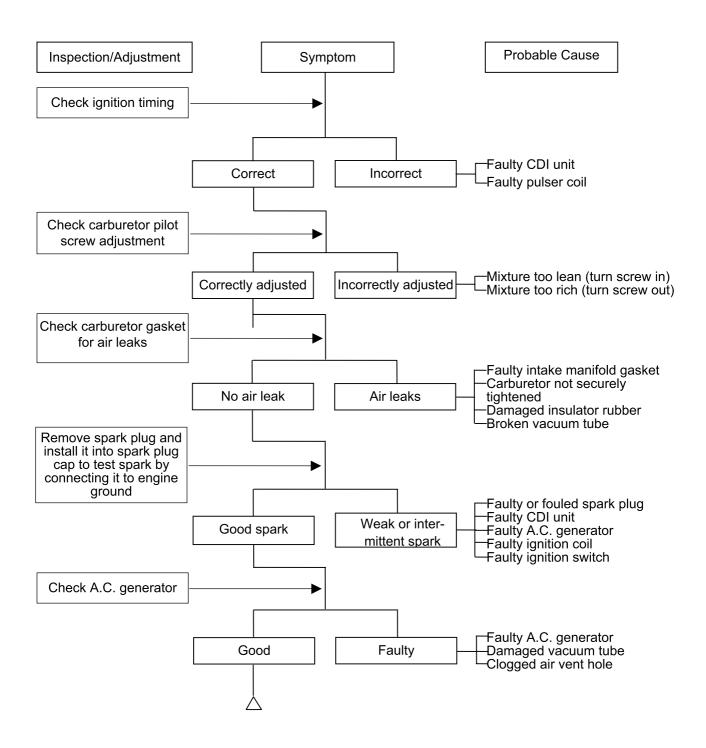
TROUBLESHOOTING

ENGINE WILL NOT START OR IS HARD TO START



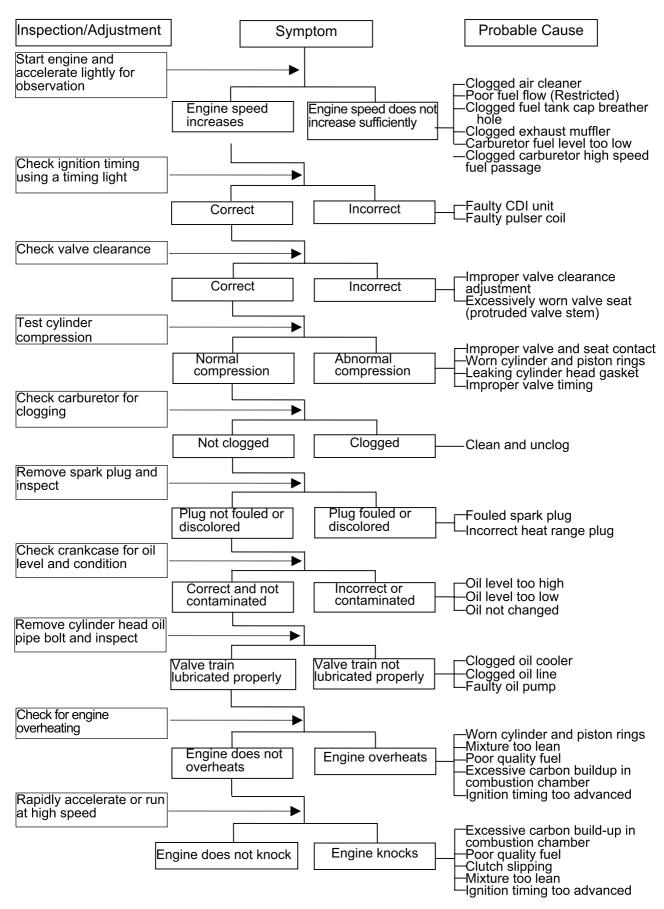


POOR PERFORMANCE (ESPECIALLY AT IDLE AND LOW SPEEDS)





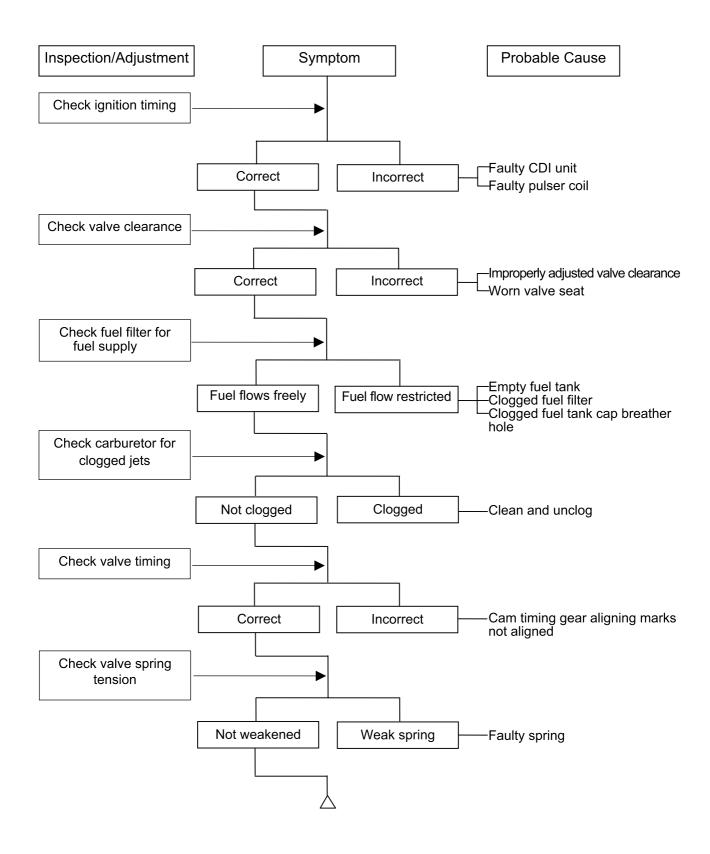
POOR PERFORMANCE (ENGINE LACKS POWER)







POOR PERFORMANCE (AT HIGH SPEED)

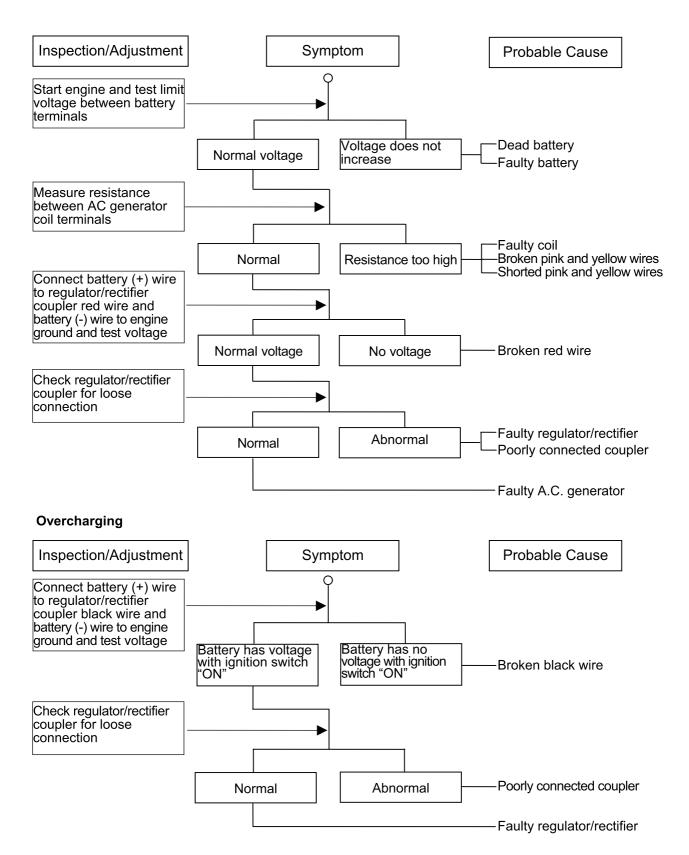






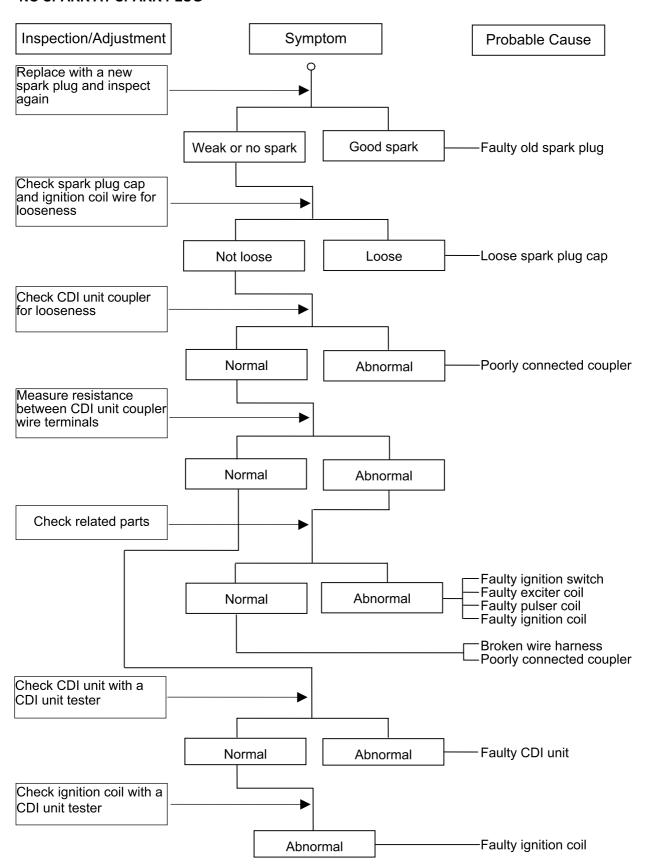
POOR CHARGING (BATTERY OVER DISCHARGING OR OVERCHARGING)

Undercharging





NO SPARK AT SPARK PLUG





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SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL

- •Before running the engine, make sure that the working area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas which may cause death to people.
- •Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under some conditions. The working area must be well-ventilated and do not smoke or allow flames or sparks near the working area or fuel storage area.

SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE CHASSIS

Throttle grip free play : $2\sim$ 6mm Rear brake free play : $10\sim$ 20mm

Spark plug gap : $0.6 \sim 0.7$ mm Brake fluid : DOT-3 or DOT-4

Spark plug specification: CR8E Valve clearance: IN: 0.06mm

EX: 0.06mm

Cylinder compression : 13kg/cm²

Ignition timing : $30^{\circ}\pm2/4000$ rpm Idle speed : 1600 ± 100 rpm

Engine oil capacity:

At disassembly : 1.1 liter At change : 1.0 liter

TIRE PRESSURE

	1 Rider	2 Riders
Front	1.75kg/cm²	1.75kg/cm²
Rear	2.0kg/cm ²	2.25kg/cm ²

TIRE SIZE:

Front: 110/80-17 57P Rear: 140/70-17 66P

TORQUE VALUES

Front axle nut $5.5 \sim 7.0 \text{ kg-m}$ Rear axle nut $6.0 \sim 8.0 \text{ kg-m}$ Rear fork pivot nut $5.5 \sim 7.0 \text{ kg-m}$



MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Perform the periodic maintenance at each scheduled maintenance period.

I: Inspect, and Clean, Adjust, Lubricate, Refill, Repair or Replace if necessary.

A: Adjust C: Clean R: Replace T: Tighten

	Whichev	er /			Regu	lar Se	ervice	Mile	age ((km)			
Frequency	comes												
Item	first ⇒												
	Û	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000	8000	9000	<u>/10000</u>	11000	12000
Engine oil		R 300km	R		R		R		R		R		R
Engine oil filter screen			С		С		С		С		С		С
Fuel filter screen							R						R
Valve clearance					Α				Α				Α
Carburetor					ı				I				I
Air Cleaner	Note 2,3	С	С		С		R		С		С		R
Spark plug		Clea	an at	every	6000	0km a	and re	eplac	e if ne	ecess	sary		
Brake system		Α	Α		Α		Α		Α		Α		Α
Drive chain			Α		Α		Α		Α		Α		Α
Suspension		_							1				
Nuts, bolts, fasteners		Т	Т		Т		Т		Т		Т		Т
Tire		I	ı		ı		ı		ı		I		ı

• In the interest of safety, we recommend these items should be serviced only by an authorized KYMCO motorcycle dealer.

Note: 1. For higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.

- 2. Service more frequently when riding in dusty or rainy areas.
- 3. Service more frequently when riding for long distance, in rain or at full throttle.



FUEL TUBE/FILTER

Check the fuel tube and replace any parts which show signs of deterioration, damage or leakage.



Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in your working area.



Fuel Filter

Fuel Tube

THROTTLE OPERATION

Check for smooth throttle grip movement in all steering positions.

Measure the throttle grip free play.

Free Play: 2~6mm



Adjust the throttle grip free play by turning the adjusting nut on the throttle cable. Slide the dust boot out and adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut.



Dust Boot Adjusting Nut Lock Nut

Check if the punch mark on the carburetor accelerating pump is aligned.
Align the punch mark by turning the adjusting nut at the accelerating pump cable.



AIR CLEANER AIR CLEANER REPLACEMENT

Remove the fuel tank. Remove the six screws attaching the air cleaner cover. Remove the air cleaner cover. Remove the air cleaner of element. Check the element and replace it with a new one if it is excessively dirty or damaged.

Element



CHANGE INTERVAL

More frequent replacement is required when riding in unusually dusty or rainy areas.



- The air cleaner element has a viscous type paper element. Do not clean it with compressed air.
 - Be sure to install the air cleaner element and cover securely.



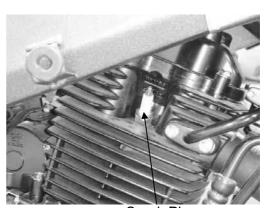
SPARK PLUG

Remove the spark plug.

Check the spark plug for wear, damage and fouling deposits.

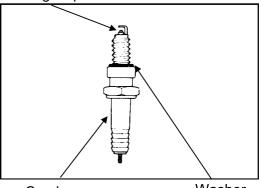
Clean any fouling deposits with a spark plug cleaner or a wire brush.

Specified Spark Plug: CR8E



Spark Plug

Gap, Wear, and Fouling Deposits



Cracks Damage

Washer Deformatio

Measure the spark plug gap.

Spark Plug Gap: 0.6~0.7mm



When installing, first screw in the spark plug by hand and then tighten it with a spark plug wrench.

VALVE CLEARANCE

* Inspect and adjust valve clearance while the engine is cold (below 35°C).

Remove the fuel tank.

Remove four bolts on the cylinder head

Remove the cylinder head cover protector.

Remove the cylinder head cover.

Rotate the generator flywheel to locate the camshaft on the top dead center (TDC) and align the "T" mark on the flywheel with the mark on the left crankcase cover.

After adjustment, rotate the crankshaft several turns to make sure that the valve clearance is correct.

Inspect and adjust the valve clearance.

Valve Clearance: IN: 0.06mm

EX: 0.06mm

Loosen the lock nut and adjust by turning the adjusting bolt.

Special Tool

Tappet Adjust E012

* Check the valve clearance again after the lock nut is tightened.

CARBURETOR IDLE SPEED

The engine must be warm for accurate idle speed inspection and adjustment.

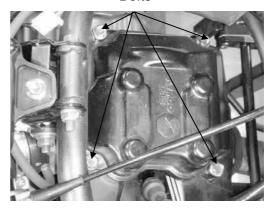
Turn the throttle stop screw to obtain the specified idle speed.

Idle Speed: 1600±100rpm

When the engine misses or run erratic, adjust the pilot screw.

When adjusting the carburetor, make sure to use the E/M tester.

Bolts

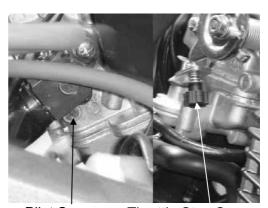


"T" Mark





Feeler Gauge



Pilot Screw Throttle Stop Screw



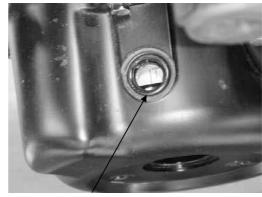
IGNITION TIMING

* 7

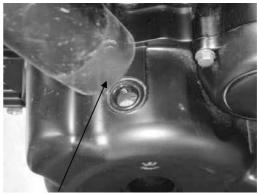
- The CDI unit is not adjustable.
- If the ignition timing is incorrect, check the ignition system.

Remove the ignition timing eyes hole cap on the left crankcase cover.

Check the ignition timing with a timing light. When the engine is running at idle speed, the ignition timing is correct if the index mark on the left crankcase cover aligns with the "F" mark on the flywheel.



Eyes Hole



Timing Light

"F" Mark

CYLINDER COMPRESSION

Warm up the engine before compression test.

Stop the engine, then remove the spark plug and insert a compression gauge.

Open the throttle valve fully and crank the engine with the starter motor or kick lever. Measure the compression.

Compression: 13kg/cm



Compression Gauge



If the compression is low, check for the following:

- Leaky valves
- · Valve clearance too small
- · Leaking cylinder head gasket
- · Worn piston rings
- · Worn piston/cylinder

If the compression is high, it indicates that carbon deposits have accumulated on the combustion chamber and the piston head.



ENGINE OIL

* When checking the oil level, place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground for oil level check.

After the engine is stopped for 10 minutes, check if the oil level is between the upper and lower limits through the wash window. If the oil level is low, add the recommended oil to the proper level.

Recommended Oil: SAE15W40#

After oil change, be sure to tighten the drain bolt securely.

Check the drain bolt washer for damage.

Oil Capacity: At disassembly: 1.1 liter At change : 1.0 liter

Engine Oil Filter Screen Cleaning

Remove the oil filter screen cap. Remove the oil filter screen and spring and then clean with compressed air.

Be careful not to install the oil filter screen in the reverse direction to avoid engine damage.

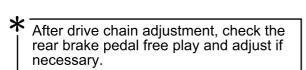
DRIVE CHAIN

Check the drive chain slack.

Specified Slack: 1~2cm

Drive Chain Adjustment:

- 1. Loosen the rear axle nut.
- 2. Adjust the right and left adjusting nuts to align the right punch mark with the left punch mark.
- 3. The rear wheel turn to see if the drive chain slack is within the specified range.
- 4. Tighten the rear axle nut.



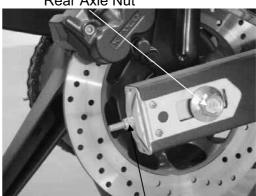


Watch Window



Oil Filter Screen Cap

Rear Axle Nut



Adjusting Nut





BRAKE SHOE

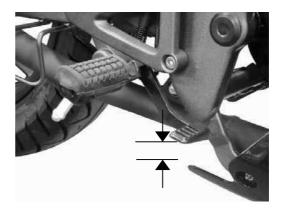
Inspect the front brake linings for wear.



BRAKE LEVER/PEDAL

Measure the rear brake pedal free play.

Free Play: $10\sim20$ mm



CLUTCH

Measure the clutch lever free play.

Free Play: $10 \sim 20 \text{mm}$

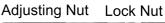
When minor adjustment is required, adjust by turning the adjusting nut on the clutch lever side.

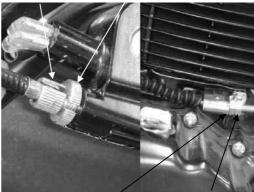
When major adjustment is required, adjust by turning the adjusting nut on the clutch cable from the right crankcase cover. Adjust by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjusting nut. After adjustment, tighten the lock nut.

BRAKE FLUID

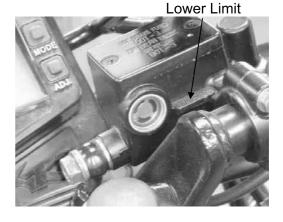
Turn the steering handlebar upright and check if the brake fluid level is between the upper and lower limits.

Specified Brake Fluid: DOT-3 or DOT-4





Adjusting Nut Lock Nut





SUSPENSION FRONT

Fully apply the front brake lever and check the action of the front shock absorbers by compressing them several times.

Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks, looseness or damage.

REAR

Check the action of the rear shock absorber by compressing it several times. Check the entire shock absorber assembly for oil leaks, looseness or damage. Jack the rear wheel off the ground and move the rear wheel sideways with force to see if the engine hanger bushings are worn.



Check all important chassis nuts and bolts for looseness.

Tighten them to their specified torque values if any looseness is found.



Check the tires for cuts, imbedded objects or other damages.

Check the tire pressure.

*

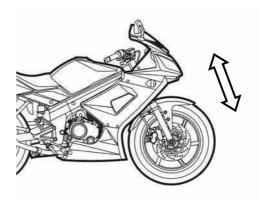
Tire pressure should be checked when tires are cold.

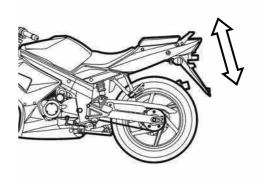
TIRE PRESSURE

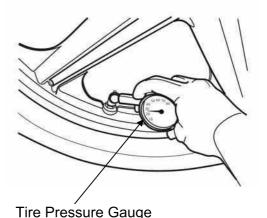
	1 Rider	2 Riders
Front	1.75kg/cm²	1.75kg/cm²
Rear	2.00kg/cm ²	2.25kg/cm ²

TIRE SIZE

Front	110/80-17
Rear	140/70-17







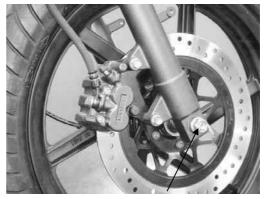


Check the front and rear axle nuts for looseness.

If the axle nuts are loose, tighten them to the specified torques.

Torques: Front $:5.5\sim7.0$ kg-m

Rear : $6.0 \sim 8.0 \text{kg-m}$



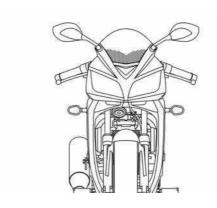
Front Axle Nut

STEERING HANDLEBAR

Check that the control cables do not interfere with handlebar rotation.

Raise the front wheel off the ground and check that the steering handlebar rotates freely.

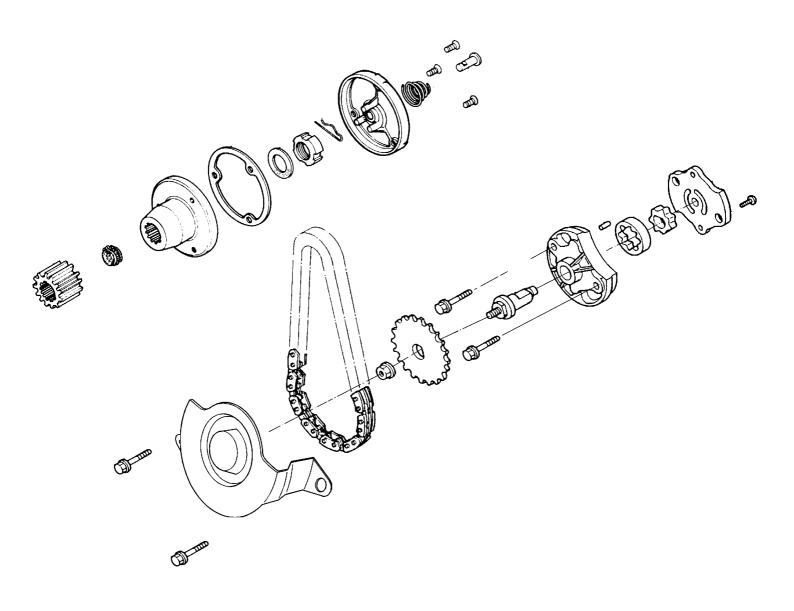
If the handlebar moves unevenly, binds, or has vertical movement, adjust the steering head bearing.





SERVICE INFORMATION	
TROUBLESHOOTING	3- 2
ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER SCREEN	3- 3
OIL PUMP/OIL FILTER ROTOR	3- 4







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The service and maintenance of this section can be performed with the engine installed in the frame.
- Use care when removing and installing the oil pump not to allow dust and foreign matters to enter the engine and oil line.
- The oil pump must be replaced as a set when it reaches its service life.
- After the oil pump is installed, check each part for oil leaks and improper lubrication.
- When removing and installing the oil cooler, be careful not to bend or deform the oil pipe.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Oil pump	Inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance	_	0.20
	Outer rotor-to-pump body clearance	<u> </u>	0.20
	Rotor end-to-pump body clearance	0.015~0.10	0.15

TROUBLESHOOTING

Oil level too low

- Natural oil consumption
- Oil leaks
- Worn or poorly installed piston rings
- Worn valve guide or seal
- Clogged or leaky oil pipe

Engine burns

- Low or no lubrication pressure
- Clogged oil passages
- Not use the specified oil



Upper Limit

ENGINE OIL/OIL FILTER OIL LEVEL

- * Place the motorcycle upright on level ground for engine oil level check.
 - Run the engine for 2~3 minutes and check the oil level after the engine is stopped for $2\sim3$ minutes.

Check the oil level through the watch window. If the level is near the lower limit, fill to the upper limit with the specified engine oil.

Lower Limit

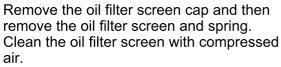
OIL CHANGE



The engine oil will drain more easily while the engine is warm.

Remove the drain bolt to drain the engine oil thoroughly.

Check the drain bolt washer for damage or deformation and replace with a new one if necessary.



Check the filter screen cap O-ring for damage or deformation and replace if necessary.

Install the oil filter screen, spring and filter screen cap.

Torque: 1.5kg-m



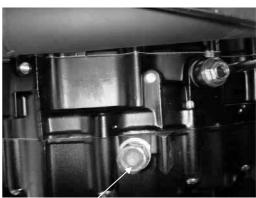
Do not install the oil filter screen upside down.

Oil Capacity: At disassembly: 1.1 liter

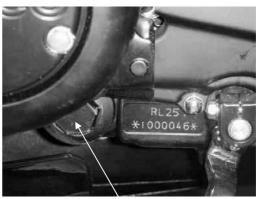
At change : 1.0 liter

Check for oil leaks and then start the engine and let it idle for few minutes.

Stop the engine and recheck the oil level.



Drain Bolt



Oil Filter Screen Cap



OIL PUMP/OIL FILTER ROTOR REMOVAL

- 1. Disconnect the clutch cable.
- 2. Remove the right crankcase cover 13 bolts and right crankcase cover.
- 3. Check the cover gasket, oil seal and O-ring for oil leaks or damage. Replace with new ones if necessary.

When installing, make sure to use a new right crankcase cover gasket.

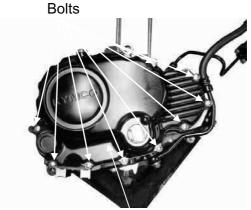
Remove the three screws attaching the oil filter rotor cover to remove the cover. Remove the oil filter rotor lock nut with a square socket and then remove the washer and oil filter rotor.

Remove the oil pump cap two bolts.

During installation, install the washer with the mark "OUTSIDE" facing up.

Remove the 6mm nut on top of the oil pump driven gear.

Remove the oil pump driven gear and chain. Remove the oil pump mounting two bolts. Remove the oil pump body.



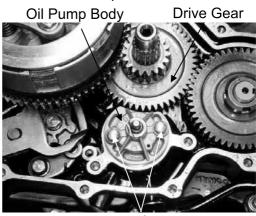
Right Crankcase Cover

Screws

Oil Filter Rotor Oil Pump



Oil Pump Driven Gear



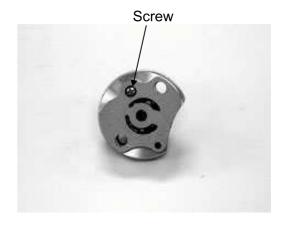
Bolts

3. LUBRICATION SYSTEM



DISASSEMBLY

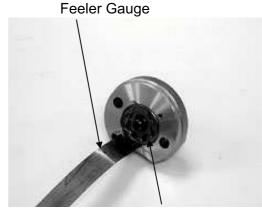
Remove the pump cover attaching screw.



INSPECTION

Measure the pump body-to-outer rotor clearance.

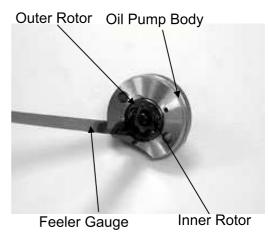
Service Limit: 0.20mm



Outer Rotor

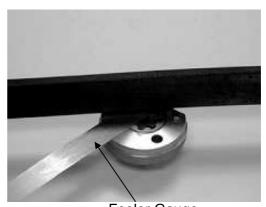
Measure the inner rotor-to-outer rotor clearance.

Service Limit: 0.20mm



Measure the rotor end-to-pump body clearance.

Service Limit: 0.15mm



Feeler Gauge

3. LUBRICATION SYSTEM



ASSEMBLY

Install the outer rotor and inner rotor into the pump body. Insert the pump shaft.

*

Insert the pump shaft by aligning the flat on the shaft with the flat in the inner rotor.

Install the pump cover.

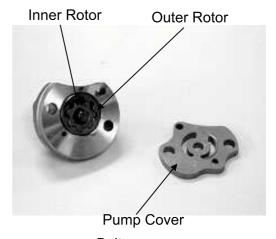
Tighten the screw.

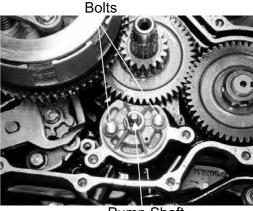
After installation, make sure that the pump shaft rotates freely.



Install the pump body and tighten the two mounting bolts.

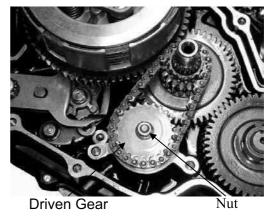
Install the oil pump driven gear and chain.





Pump Shaft

Tighten the 6mm nut on top of the oil pump driven gear.

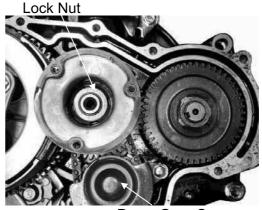


Install the oil pump gear cover and tighten the two bolts.

Install the oil filter rotor lock nut.

Torque: $4.0 \sim 5.0$ kg-m

During installation, install the washer with the mark "OUTSIDE" facing up.



Pump Gear Cover

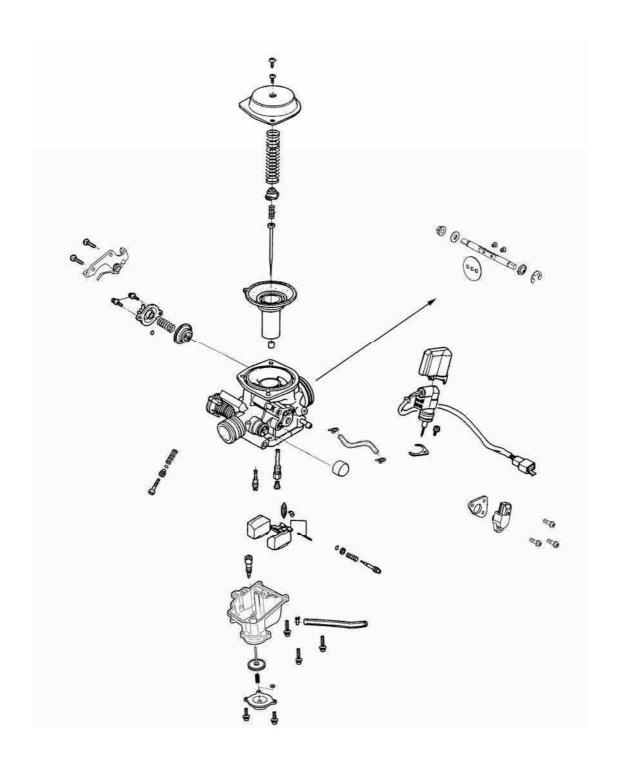


4

FUEL SYSTEM

SERVICE INFORMATION 4-	-2
TROUBLESHOOTING 4-	-3
THROTTLE CABLE DISASSEMBLY 4-	-4
CARBURETOR REMOVAL 4-	-4
FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE/JETS/ACCELERATING PUMP 4-	-5
FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION 4-	-7
CARBURETOR INSTALLATION 4-	
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AIR CUT-OFF VALVE(A.C.V.) 4-	-9
FUEL TANK 4-	-10
AIR CLEANER REMOVAL 4-	-10







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS



Gasoline is very dangerous. When working with gasoline, keep sparks and flames away from the working area.

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Be sure to work in a well-ventilated area.

- Do not bend or twist control cables. Damaged control cables will not operate smoothly.
- When disassembling fuel system parts, note the locations of O-rings. Replace them with new ones during reassembly.
- Before float chamber disassembly, loosen the drain screw to drain the residual gasoline into a clean container.
- After the carburetor is removed, plug the intake manifold side with a clean shop towel to prevent foreign matters from entering.
- The carburetor air jets and fuel jets must be cleaned with compressed air.
- When the motorcycle is not used for over one month, drain the residual gasoline from the float chamber to avoid erratic idling and clogged slow jet due to deteriorated fuel.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard
Туре	CVK
Venturi dia.	φ25
Float level	17 mm
Main jet	108#
Slow jet	35#
Idle speed	1600±100rpm
Throttle grip free play	2~6mm
Pilot screw opening	2±½

4. FUEL SYSTEM



TROUBLESHOOTING

Engine cranks but won't start

- No fuel in tank
- No fuel to carburetor
- Cylinder flooded with fuel
- No spark at plug
- Clogged air cleaner
- Intake air leak
- Improper throttle operation

Engine idles roughly, stalls or runs poorly

- Excessively used choke
- Ignition malfunction
- Faulty carburetor
- Poor quality fuel
- Lean or rich mixture
- Clogged air cleaner
- Incorrect idle speed
- Faulty charcoal canister

Misfiring during acceleration

- Faulty ignition system
- Faulty carburetor
- Faulty accelerating pump
- Faulty charcoal canister

Backfiring at deceleration

- Float level too low
- Incorrectly adjusted carburetor
- Faulty A.C.V.
- Faulty exhaust muffler
- Faulty A.I.C.V.

Engine lacks power

- Clogged air cleaner
- Faulty carburetor
- Faulty ignition system

Lean mixture

- Clogged carburetor fuel jets
- Float level too low
- Intake air leak
- Faulty charcoal canister
- Restricted fuel line

Rich mixture

- Float level too low
- Clogged air jets
- Clogged air cleaner
- Restricted A.C.V. tube
- Worn throttle needle



THROTTLE CABLE DISAASEEMBLY

Remove the fuel tank.

Loosen the air cleaner connecting tube band screws then remove the air cleaner.

Loosen the throttle cable adjusting nut and lock nut, then disconnect the throttle cable from the carburetor.

Loosen the drain screw and drain the fuel from the float chamber.

Disconnect the fuel tube and vacuum tube at the carburetor.

Loosen the carburetor intake manifold band and remove the carburetor.

Disconnect the auto bystarter wire coupler and P.T.S wire coupler.

CARBURETOR REMOVAL

Loosen the drain screw to drain the gasoline from the float chamber.

- Keep sparks and flames away from the
 - work area.
 - Drain gasoline into a clean container.

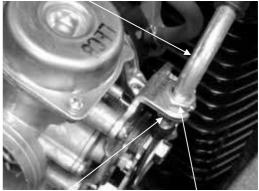
Disconnect the fuel inlet tube and auto bystarter wire coupler and P.T.S wire coupler.

Air Cleaner

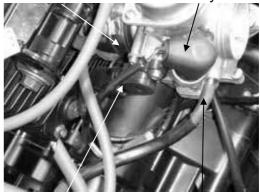


Intake Manifold Band

Throttle Cable



Look Nut Adjusting Nut
Intake Manifold Band Auto Bystarter



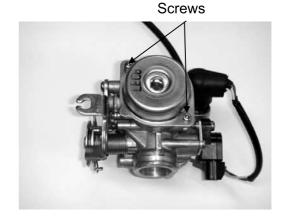
P.T.S Fuel Tube





Loosen the air cleaner connector band screw.

Remove the two carburetor lock nuts. Remove the carburetor



Pull out the throttle valve.

Pry off the needle retainer and remove the iet needle.

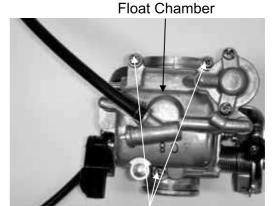
Check the throttle valve and jet needle for wear or damage.



CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY FLOAT/FLOAT VALVE/JETS/ ACCELERATING PUMP

Float/Float Valve Disassembly

Remove the float chamber attaching three screws and remove the float chamber.

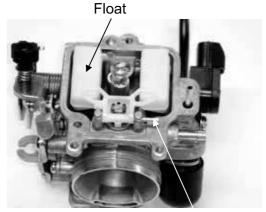


Screws

Float/Float Valve Inspection

Remove the float pin, float and float valve. Inspect the float valve seat for wear or damage.

Inspect the float for damage or fuel level inside the float chamber.



Float Pin

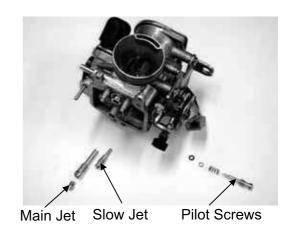


Main Jet/Jets/Pilot Screw/Throttle Stop **Screw Removal**

Remove the main jet, needle jet holder, and needle jet.

Remove the slow jet.

Remove the pilot screw and throttle stop screw.



CAUTIONS!

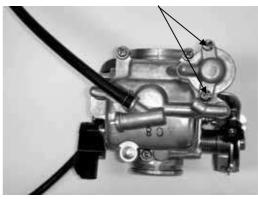


- ★ Be careful not to damage the jets and jet holder when removing them.
 - Before removing, turn the throttle stop screw and pilot screw in and carefully count the number of turns until they seat lightly and then make a note of
 - Do not force the screw against its seat to avoid seat damage.
 - Be sure to install the O-ring in the reverse order of removal.

Accelerating Pump Removal

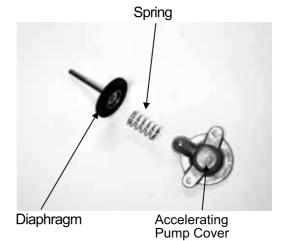
Remove the two accelerating pump cover screws and accelerating pump cover. Remove the spring and accelerating pump diaphragm.





Inspection

Inspect the accelerating pump diaphragm for cracks, damage or deterioration. Replace with a new one if necessary.





Carburetor Cleaning

Blow compressed air through all passages of the carburetor body.



Slow Jet/Main Jet Installation

Install the slow jet.

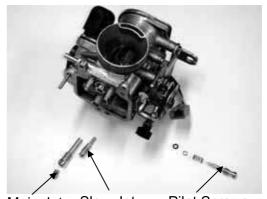
Install the needle jet, needle jet holder and

Install the throttle stop screw and pilot screw.

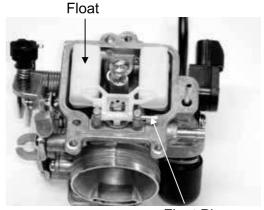


- When installing the pilot screw, return it to the original position as noted during removal
 - After the carburetor is installed, be sure to perform the Exhaust Emission Test.

Install the float valve, float and float pin.



Main Jet Slow Jet Pilot Screws



Float Pin

FLOAT LEVEL INSPECTION

Turn the carburetor upside down so that the float will go down to make the float valve contact the float valve seat.

Then slowly tilt the carburetor and measure the float level with the float level gauge while the float pin just contacts with float valve.

Float Level: 17mm

When adjusting, carefully bend the float pin. Check the float for proper operation and then install the float chamber.





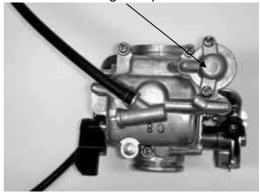
Accelerating Pump Installation

First install the accelerating pump diaphragm.
Install the spring.
Install the accelerating pump cover and tighten the two screws.

*

When installing the diaphragm, be sure to position it correctly.

Accelerating Pump Cover



CARBURETOR INSTALLATION

Install the carburetor onto the intake manifold and tighten the two lock nuts.

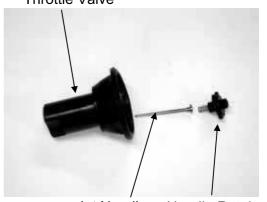
Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

Install the air cleaner connector and tighten the band screw.

THROTTLE VALVE ASSEMBLY

Install the jet needle into the throttle valve and secure with the needle retainer.

Throttle Valve



Jet Needle Needle Retainer

Assemble the rubber cover, carburetor cap and throttle valve spring.
Connect the throttle cable to the throttle valve.

Carburetor Cap





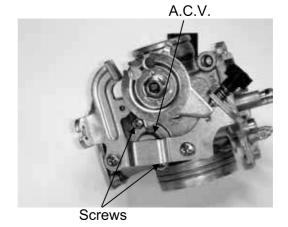
AIR CUT-OFF VALVE (A.C.V.)

REMOVAL

Remove the throttle stay plate set. Disconnect the tubes that go to the air cut-off valve.

Remove the two attaching screws.

Remove the air cut-off valve.



DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two attaching screws to remove the air cut-off valve cover.

Remove the spring and diaphragm.

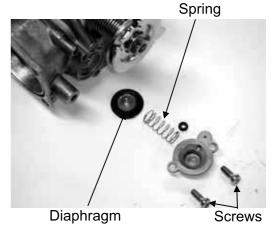
INSPECTION

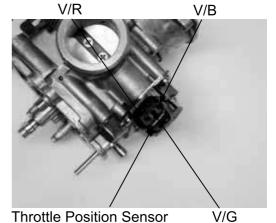
Inspect the check valve for proper operation. Inspect the air cut-off valve diaphragm and O-ring for deterioration or damage. Replace with new ones if necessary. Clean each air passage with compressed air.

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INSPECTION

Measure the resistance on the T.P.S. of terminals.

Wire Color	Full Open	Full Close
V/R-V/G	4.8~6.2kΩ	4.8~6.2kΩ
V/B-V/G	4.16~6.24kΩ	1.47~2.21kΩ
V/R-V/B	2.3~3.5kΩ	5.1~7.5kΩ





AUTO BYSTARTER INSPECTION

Measure the resistance between the auto bystarter wire terminals.

Resistance: $14-20\Omega$ (10 minutes minimum after stopping the engine) If the reading is not within the limit, replace the auto bystarter with a new one.





FUEL TANK FUEL TANK REMOVAL

WWarning

- Keep sparks and flames away from the work area.
- Wipe off any spilled gasoline.

Remove the right and left side covers and the right and left decorative covers under the fuel tank.

Remove the rear seat.

Remove the rear seat lock bolt and remove the front seat.

Remove the auto fuel valve.

Disconnect the fuel tube and remove the bolt on the end of the fuel tank.

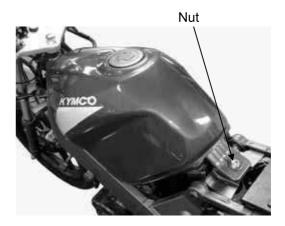
Disconnect the fuel unit wire connector and fuel gauge wire.

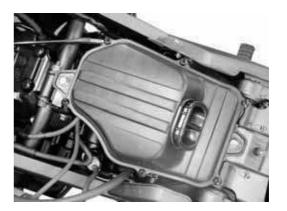
Remove the fuel tank.

FUEL TANK INSTALLATION

Install the fuel tank in the reverse order of removal.

Check that there is no fuel leakage. Check the wire connectors for proper connection.





AIR CLEANER REMOVAL

Remove the right side cover.

Remove the two bolts attaching the emission control system.

Remove the rear carrier. (Refer to 4-10.)

Remove the seat. (Refer to 4-10.)

Remove the two air cleaner case attaching holts

Remove the air cleaner and carburetor connecting tube band.

Remove the air cleaner from the right side.

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



ENGINE REMOVAL/INST	ALLATION
ENGINE REMOVAL/INST	ALLATION
ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTA	5-1

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A engine stand or floor jack is required to support and maneuver the engine.
- The following parts can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame:
 - Cylinder head/valves (Section 6)
 - Cylinder/piston (Section 7)
 - Starter motor/generator/left crankcase cover/starter clutch/camshaft (Section 8)
 - Clutch/gear shift mechanism (Section 9)
- When removing and installing the engine, do not use a hammer or screw driver to strike or pry the engine.
- Do not damage the crankcase mating surfaces and clean off all gasket materials from the mating surfaces.
- After crankcase assembly, check that the transmission system operates smoothly.
- After engine installation, start the engine and check that the lubrication system is normal.

Engine oil capacity:

At disassembly : 1.1 liter At change : 1.0 liter

TORQUE VALUES

Engine bracket bolt	$2.0\sim2.5$ kg-m
Drive gear lock bolt	$0.8\sim$ 1.2 kg-m
Exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt	$2.4{\sim}3.0$ kg-m
Rear fork pivot nut	$5.5{\sim}7.0$ kg-m
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	$0.8\sim$ 1.2 kg-m

5. ENGINE REMOVAL/INSTALLATION



ENGINE REMOVAL

Remove the carburetor. (Refer to 4-4.) Disconnect the clutch cable.

Remove the crankcase breather.

Remove the two exhaust muffler joint lock

Remove the exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt and exhaust muffler.



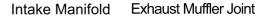
- ★ Drain the engine oil before engine removal.
 - The exhaust muffler temperature is extremely high. Remove it when the engine is cold.

Remove the spark plug cap.

Remove the starter motor wire. Remove the two bolts attaching the left rear crankcase cover and remove the rear crankcase cover.

Remove the two bolts attaching the drive gear set plate and the set plate. Remove the drive gear and chain.

Disconnect the A.C. generator wire connector.



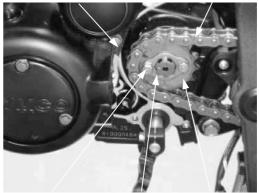


Spark Plug Cap Clutch Cable

Bolts



Rear Crankcase Cover Generator Wire Connector Drive Chain



Bolt Set Plate Drive Gear



A.C.G Wire Connector



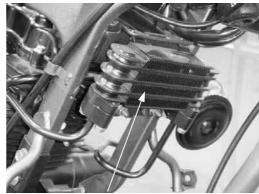
Remove the two nuts on the cooling oil container and move the cooling oil container. Remove the AICV tube.

Remove the three bolts attaching the engine front bracket and the bracket.

Remove the two engine hanger bolts and the hanger.

Remove the two bolts attaching the engine rear bracket.

Remove the engine from left to right.

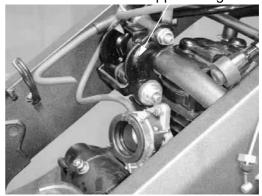


Cooling Oil Container



Rear Bracket

Upper Hanger



Front Bracket



ENGINE INSTALLATION

Install the engine in the reverse order of removal. Install the engine to its original position with a jack or other adjustable support.



- When installing the engine, do not damage the bolt thread and route the wires and cables properly.
- Install the gear shift lever by align the punch mark on the lever with that on the spindle.
- Fill the crankcase to the proper level with recommended engine oil.
- After installation, perform the following inspections and adjustments:
 - 1. Throttle operation
 - 2. Clutch lever free play adjustment
 - 3. Drive chain adjustment

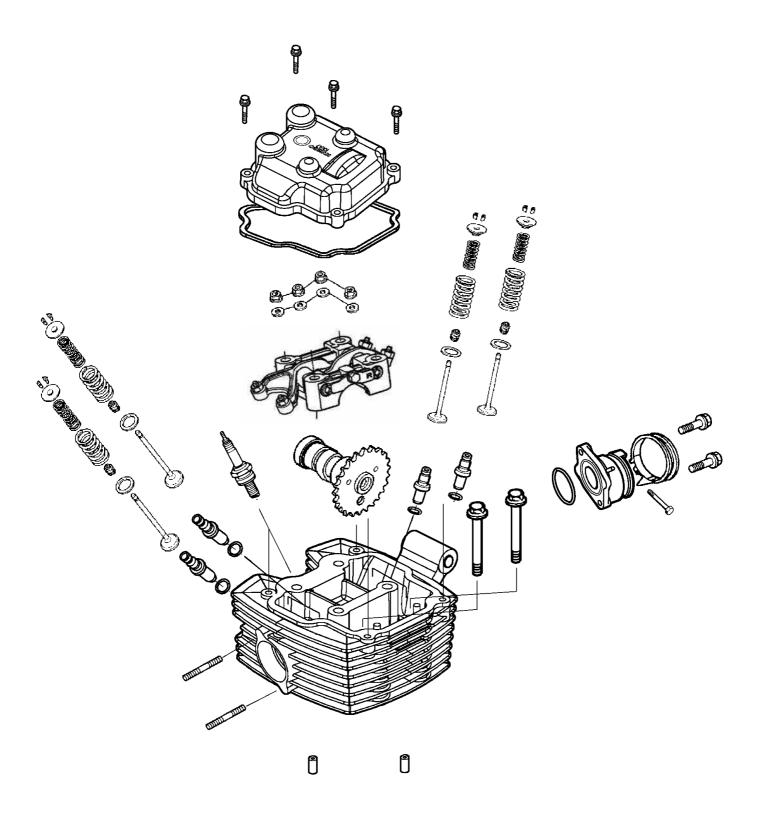


			6
CYLIND	ER HEAD/VA	LVES	

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SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder head can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When assembling, apply molybdenum disulfide grease or engine oil to the valve guide movable parts and valve arm sliding surfaces for initial lubrication.
- The valve rocker arms are lubricated by engine oil through the cylinder head engine oil passages. Clean and unclog the oil passages before assembling the cylinder head.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.
- After removal, mark and arrange the removed parts in order. When assembling, install them in the reverse order of removal.

SPECIFICATIONS		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item		125 cc	125 cc
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.06	
(EX	0.06	_
Cylinder head compressi	on pressure	11~13 kg/cm ²	>8 kg/cm ²
Cylinder head warpage		_	>0.05
Camshaft cam height	IN	30.800~30.920	< 30.75
Cumbhair cam neight	EX	30.411~30.531	< 30.26
Valve rocker arm I.D.	IN	12.00~12.015	>12.10
valvo rookor arm i.b.	EX	12.00~12.015	>12.10
Valve rocker arm shaft IN		12.00~11.980	< 11.90
O.D.	EX	12.00~11.980	< 11.90
Valve seat angle	IN	89° ~ 90°	>90°
varvo odat arigio	EX	89° ~ 90°	>90°
Valve stem O.D.	IN	5.00~5.012	< 4.925
vaivo otom o.b.	EX	5.00	< 4.925
Valve guide I.D.	IN	5.00~5.012	>5.03
 	EX	5.00~5.012	>5.03
Valve stem-to-guide	IN	0.010~0.037	>0.08
Clearance	EX	0.030~0.057	>0.10



TORQUE VALUES

Cylinder head nut 2.3~2.8 kg-m Cylinder head side bolt 0.8~1.2 kg-m Valve clearance adjusting nut 0.9 kg-m Cylinder head cover bolt 0.8 \sim 1.2 kg-m

SPECIAL TOOLS

Valve spring compressor E040

TROUBLESHOOTING

 The poor cylinder head operation can be diagnosed by a compression test or by tracing engine top-end noises.

Poor performance at idle speed

Compression too low

Compression too low

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Burned or bend valves
- Incorrect valve timing
- · Broken valve spring
- Poor valve and seat contact
- Leaking cylinder head gasket
- Warped or cracked cylinder head
- Poorly installed spark plug

Compression too high

Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber

White smoke from exhaust muffler

- Worn valve stem or valve guide
- Damaged valve stem oil seal

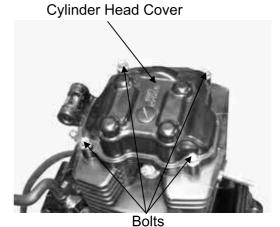
Abnormal noise

- Incorrect valve clearance adjustment
- Sticking valve or broken valve spring
- Damaged or worn camshaft
- Worn cam chain tensioner
- Worn camshaft and rocker arm



CYLINDER HEAD COVER REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head cover bolts and then remove the cylinder head cover.

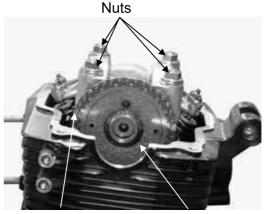


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CAMSHAFT REMOVAL

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

Hold the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and the location is the top dead center on the compression stroke.



Cam Chain

Camshaft Gear

Remove the bolts attaching cam chain tensioner to remove the tensioner.

Then remove the four cylinder head nuts and washers.



• Diagonally loosen the cylinder head cap nuts in 2 or 3 times.

Remove the camshaft holder and dowel pins.



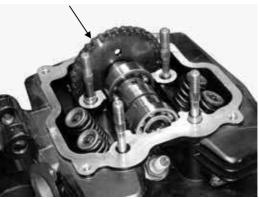
Cam Chain Tensioner

Camshaft Holder



Remove the camshaft gear from the cam chain to remove the camshaft.

Cam Chain



CAMSHAFT INSPECTION

Check each cam lobe for wear or damage. Measure the cam lobe height.

Service Limits:

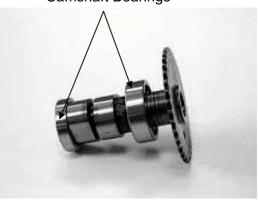
IN: 30.75mm replace if below EX:30.26mm replace if below

Camshaft



Check each camshaft bearing for play or damage. Replace the camshaft assembly with a new one if the bearings are noisy or have excessive play.

Camshaft Bearings

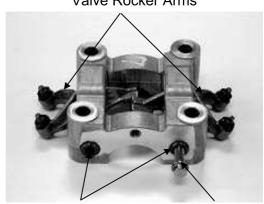


CAMSHAFT HOLDER DISASSEMBLY

Take out the valve rocker arm shafts using a 6mm bolt.

Remove the valve rocker arms.

Valve Rocker Arms



Rocker Arm Shafts

6mm Bolt

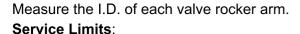


CAMSHAFT HOLDER INSPECTION

Inspect the camshaft holder, valve rocker arms and rocker arm shafts for wear or damage.

*

If the valve rocker arm contact surface is worn, check each cam lobe for wear or damage.

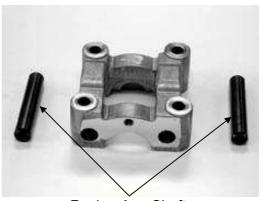


IN 12.10mm replace if overEX 12.10mm replace if over

Measure each rocker arm shaft O.D.

Service Limits:

IN 11.90mm replace if belowEX 11.90mm replace if below



Rocker Arm Shafts



Cam Chain Tensioner Slipper



Bolts Cam Chain Cylinder Head Gasket



Cylinder Cam Chain Guide

CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL

Remove the camshaft. (⇒6-4)
Remove the carburetor and intake manifold.
Remove two bolts on the cylinder head.
Remove the cylinder head.

Remove the dowel pins and cylinder head gasket.

Remove the cam chain guide.

Remove all gasket material from the cylinder head mating surface.

*

Be careful not to drop any gasket material into the engine.



CYLINDER HEAD DISASSEMBLY

Remove the valve spring cotters, retainers, springs, spring seats and valve stem seals using a valve spring compressor.



- Be sure to compress the valve springs with a valve spring compressor.
 - Mark all disassembled parts to ensure correct reassembly.

Remove carbon deposits from the exhaust port and combustion chamber.



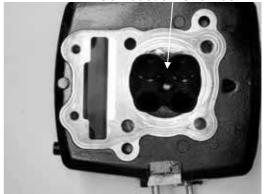
Be careful not to damage the cylinder head mating surface.

Cylinder Head



Valve Spring Compressor

Combustion Chamber





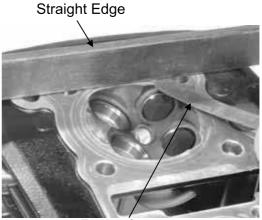
INSPECTION

CYLINDER HEAD

Check the spark plug hole and valve areas for cracks.

Check the cylinder head for warpage with a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.05mm repair or replace if over



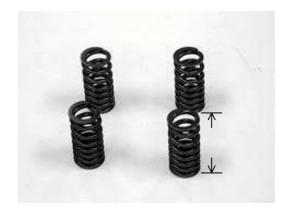
Feeler Gauge

VALVE SPRING FREE LENGTH

Measure the free length of the inner and outer valve springs.

Service Limits:

(IN, EX): 29.1mm replace if below



VALVE /VALVE GUIDE

Inspect each valve for bending, burning, scratches or abnormal stem wear. Check valve movement in the guide.

Measure each valve stem O.D.

Service Limits:

IN 4.925mm replace if below EX 4.925mm replace if below

Measure each valve guide I.D.

Service Limits:

IN 5.03mm replace if over EX 5.03mm replace if over

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding guide I.D. to obtain the stem-to-guide clearance.

Service Limits:

IN 0.08mm replace if over EX 0.10mm replace if over

If the stem-to-guide clearance exceeds the service limits, replace the guides as necessary. Reface the valve seats whenever the valve guides are replaced.





CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY

Install the valve spring seats and valve stem seals.

Be sure to install new valve stem seals.

Apply engine oil to the inside of the valve stem seals and insert the valves into the valve guides.

Install the valve springs and retainers. Compress the valve springs using the valve spring compressor, then install the valve cotters.



- When assembling, a valve spring compressor must be used.
 - Install the cotters with the pointed ends facing down from the upper side of the cylinder head.

Special Tool

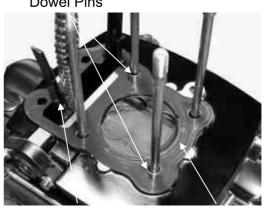
Valve Spring Compressor E040

Tap the valve stems gently with a plastic hammer to firmly seat the cotters.



Be careful not to damage the valves.

Cylinder Head **Dowel Pins**



Cam Chain Guide

Gasket

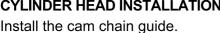
CYLINDER HEAD INSTALLATION

Install the cam chain guide. Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder





Valve Spring Compressor Plastic Hammer



head gasket.



Install the cylinder head and take out the cam chain

Torque: Cylinder side bolt 0.8~1.2kg-m

Assemble the camshaft holder. First install the intake and exhaust valve rocker arms; then install the rocker arm shafts.

- Install the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft on the "EX" side of the camshaft holder and the exhaust rocker arm shaft is shorter.
 - Clean the intake valve rocker arm shaft off any grease before installation.
 - Align the cutout on the exhaust valve rocker arm shaft with the bolt of the camshaft holder.

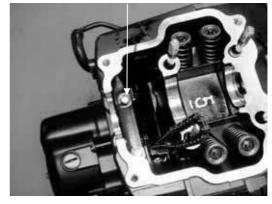
CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION

Turn the A.C. generator flywheel so that the "T" mark on the flywheel aligns with the index mark on the crankcase.

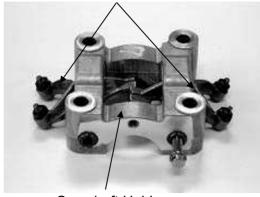
Keep the round hole on the camshaft gear facing up and align the punch marks on the camshaft gear with the cylinder head surface (Position the intake and exhaust cam lobes down.) and install the cam chain over the camshaft gear.

Install the dowel pins.

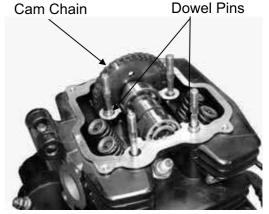
Cylinder side bolt



Valve Rocker Arms



Camshaft Holder





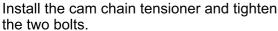
Install the camshaft holder, washers and nuts on the cylinder head.

Tighten the four cylinder head nuts and the two bolts between the cylinder head and cylinder.

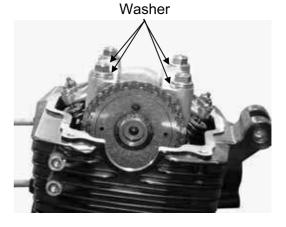
Torque: Cylinder head nut 2.3~2.8kg-m

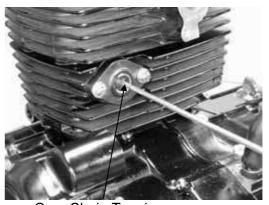
- * Apply engine oil to the threads of the cylinder head cap nuts.
 - Diagonally tighten the cylinder head cap nuts in $2\sim3$ times.
 - First tighten the cylinder head cap nuts and then tighten the bolts between the cylinder and cylinder head to avoid cracks.

Install a new cam chain tensioner gasket. Tighten the cam chain tensioner screw.

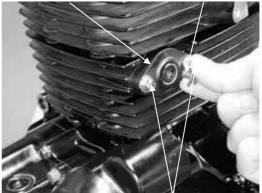


Install the tensioner spring and tighten the sealing bolt.





Cam Chain Tensioner Cam Chain Tensioner Sealing Bolt



Bolt

Cylinder Head Cover



CYLINDER HEAD COVER INSTALLATION

Adjust the valve clearance. (⇒3-6) Install a new cylinder head cover O-ring and install the cylinder head cover.

Be sure to install the O-ring into the groove properly.

Install and tighten the cylinder head cover bolts.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

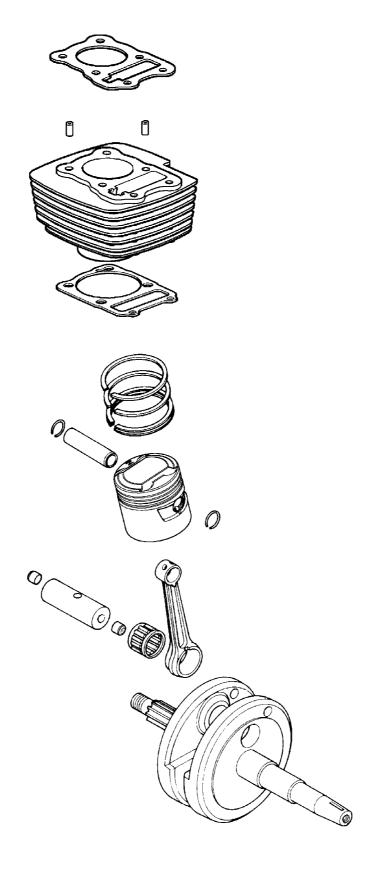
CYLINDER/PISTON

7

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CYLINDER INSTALLATION 7-	7



SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The cylinder and piston can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- When installing the cylinder, use a new cylinder gasket and make sure that the dowel pins are correctly installed.
- After disassembly, clean the removed parts and dry them with compressed air before inspection.

SPECIFICATIONS

			Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Item				
I.D.		52.400~52.410	< 52.50	
Cylinder	Warpage		_	< 0.05
- Cyllindon	Cylindricity		_	< 0.05
	True roundness	_	_	< 0.05
	Ring-to-groove	top	0.015~0.050	< 0.09
	clearance	Second	0.015~0.050	< 0.09
Piston,	Ring end gap	top	0.15~0.30	< 0.50
		Second	0.15~0.30	< 0.50
piston ring		Oil side rail	0.2~0.9	_
	Piston O.D.		52.370~52.390	>52.30
	Piston O.D. measuring position		10mm from b	oottom of skirt
	Piston-to-cylinder	clearance	0.010~0.040	< 0.01
	Piston pin hole I.I	D.	15.000~15.008	< 15.06
Piston pin O.D		14.994~15.000	>14.96	
Piston-to-piston pin clearance		0.002~0.014	< 0.02	
Connecting rod small end I.D. bore		15.016~15.034	<15.06	

TROUBLESHOOTING

• When hard starting or poor performance at low speed occurs, check the crankcase breather for white smoke. If white smoke is found, it means that the piston rings are worn, stuck or broken.

Compression too low or uneven compression

- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston rings
- Worn, stuck or broken piston rings

Compression too high

 Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on piston head

Excessive smoke from exhaust muffler

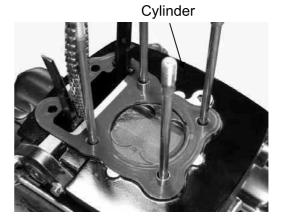
- Worn or damaged piston rings
- Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

Abnormal noisy piston

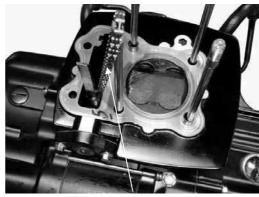
- Worn cylinder, piston and piston rings
- Worn piston pin hole and piston pin
- Incorrectly installed piston

CYLINDER REMOVAL

Remove the cylinder head. (⇒6-7)

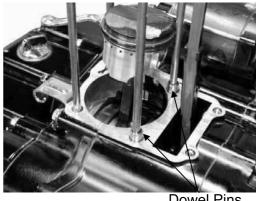


Remove the cam chain guide. Remove the cylinder.



Cam Chain

Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins. Clean any gasket material from the cylinder surface.

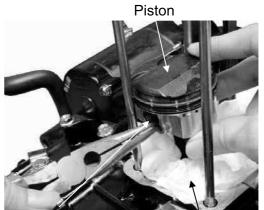


Dowel Pins

PISTON REMOVAL

Remove the piston pin clip. Press the piston pin out of the piston.

Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



Piston Pin

Shop Towel



Inspect the piston, piston pin and piston rings. Remove the piston rings.

★ Take care not to damage or break the piston rings during removal.

Clean carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves.



Install the piston rings onto the piston and measure the piston ring-to-groove clearance.

Service Limits:

Top: 0.09mm replace if over 2nd: 0.09mm replace if over



Remove the piston rings and insert each piston ring into the cylinder bottom.



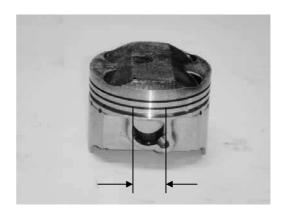
• Use the piston head to push each piston ring into the cylinder.

Measure the piston ring end gap. Service Limit: 0.5mm replace if over



Measure the piston pin hole I.D.

Service Limit: 15.06mm replace if below





Measure the piston pin O.D.

Service Limit: 14.96mm replace if below

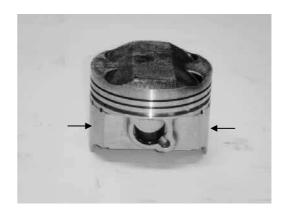


Measure the piston O.D.



* Take measurement at 9mm from the bottom and 90° to the piston pin hole.

Service Limit: 52.30mm replace if below Measure the piston-to-piston pin clearance. Service Limit: 0.02mm replace if over



CYLINDER INSPECTION

Inspect the cylinder bore for wear or damage. Measure the cylinder I.D. at three levels of top, middle and bottom at 90° to the piston pin (in both X and Y directions).

Service Limit:

52.50mm repair or replace if below

Measure the cylinder-to-piston clearance.

Service Limit:

0.1mm repair or replace if over

The true roundness is the difference between the values measured in X and Y directions. The cylindricity (difference between the values measured at the three levels) is subject to the maximum value calculated.

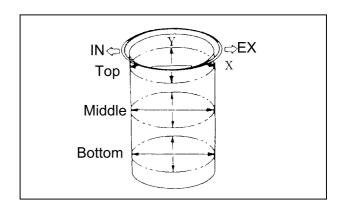
Service Limits:

True Roundness:

0.05mm repair or replace if over

Cylindricity: 0.05mm repair or replace if over



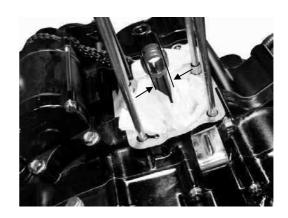




Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage. **Service Limit**: 0.05mm repair or replace if over



Measure the connecting rod small end I.D. **Service Limit**: 15.06mm replace if below

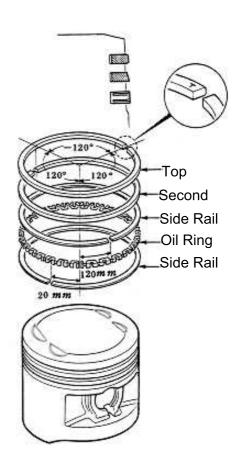


PISTON RING INSTALLATION

Install the piston rings onto the piston. Apply engine oil to each piston ring.



- Be careful not to damage the piston and piston rings during assembly.
- All rings should be installed with the markings facing up.
- After installing the rings, they should rotate freely without sticking.
- Stagger the ring end gaps as the figure shown.



PISTON INSTALLATION

Remove any gasket material from the crankcase surface.

• Be careful not to drop foreign matters into the crankcase.



Piston

Install the piston, piston pin and a new piston pin clip.



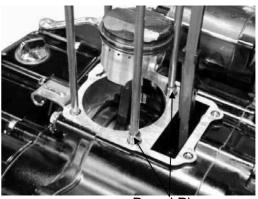
- Position the piston "IN" mark on the intake valve side.
- Place a clean shop towel in the crankcase to keep the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.



Piston Pin Piston Pin Clip

CYLINDER INSTALLATION

Install the dowel pins and a new cylinder gasket on the crankcase.



Dowel Pin

Cylinder



Coat the cylinder bore, piston and piston rings with clean engine oil. Carefully lower the cylinder over the piston by

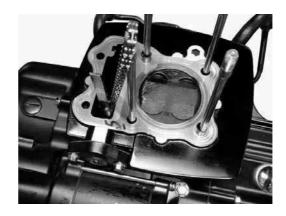
compressing the piston rings.

- Be careful not to damage or break the piston rings.
- The piston ring end gaps should not be parallel with or at 90° to the piston pin.

7. CYLINDER/PISTON



Loosely install the cylinder base bolt.



Install the cam chain guide.

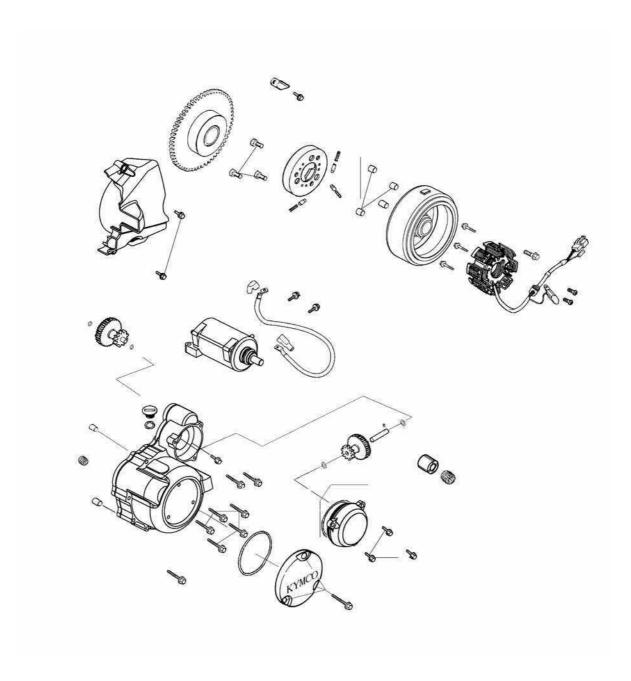
• Insert the tab on the cam chain guide into the cylinder groove.

Install the cylinder head. (⇒6-13) Tighten the cylinder base bolt.



STARTER MOTOR/GENERATOR/LEFT CRANKCASE COVER/STARTER
CLUTCH/CAMSHAFT

SERVICE INFORMATION------ 8-2 TROUBLESHOOTING ----- 8-2 STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL ----- 8-3 LEFT CRANKCASE COVER/AC GENRATOR REMOVAL ----- 8-3 STARTER CLUTCH REMOVAL ----- 8-4 CAM CHAIN REMOVAL ------ 8-5 STARTER GEAR INSTALLATION ----- 8-5 AC GENERATOR INSTALLATION ----- 8-5 LEFT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION ------ 8-6 STARTER MOTOR INSTALLATION ----- 8-6





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The starter motor, generator, left crankcase and starter clutch can be serviced in the frame.
- Do not install the starter clutch forcedly.
- Install the generator by aligning the groove in the flywheel with the key on the crankshaft.
- Install the starter motor reduction gear shaft by aligning the shaft pin with the shaft seat groove.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)	
Reduction gear shaft O.D.	$9.972{\sim}9.987$	< 9.932	
Reduction gear shaft hole I.D.	10.031~10.056	>10.096	
Camshaft O.D.	13.966~13.984	< 13.926	
Cam gear shaft hole I.D.	14.06~14.078	>14.118	
Roller O.D.	9.99~10.005	< 9.95	
Starter gear shaft I.D.	22.01~22.022	>22.062	
Starter gear shaft O.D.	42.574~42.6	<42.534	

TORQUE VALUES

Flywheel lock bolt $4.0 \sim 5.2 \text{ kg-m}$

SPECIAL TOOLS

Flywheel holder E021 Flywheel puller E005

TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard starting and poor performance at high speed

• Improperly tightened flywheel lock bolt

Starter clutch slips

- Worn starter clutch roller
- Faulty starter clutch roller or spring
- Worn starter gear shaft O.D.

Starting noise

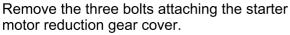
- Worn reduction gear
- Worn starter gear
- Worn starter clutch roller
- Faulty reduction gear shaft bearing

STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

Remove the starter motor mounting two bolts and the motor.

Inspect the starter motor O-ring for damage or deterioration.

Inspect the starter motor pinion for wear or damage.



Remove the reduction gear cover.

Remove the reduction gear, shaft and washers.

Inspect the reduction gear for wear or damage.

Inspect the reduction gear cover O-ring for damage or deterioration.



Disconnect the neutral light switch wire. Remove the left crankcase cover eight bolts. Remove the left crankcase cover and two dowel pins.

Clean off all gasket material from the left crankcase cover.

Remove the reduction pinion.

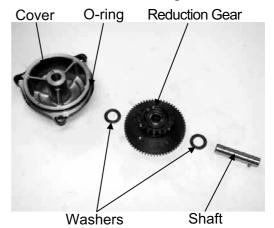
Hold the flywheel with a flywheel holder. Remove the flywheel lock bolt. Remove the flywheel using a flywheel puller.

Special Tool

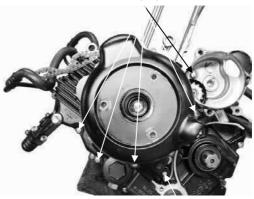
Flywheel holder E021 Flywheel puller E005



Mounting Bolts



Bolts



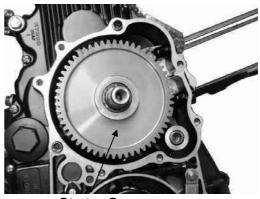
Neutral Light Wire Flywheel Puller



Flywheel Holder

STARTER CLUTCH REMOVAL

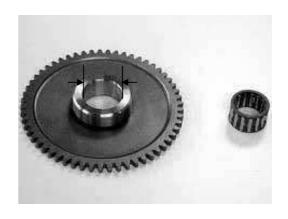
Remove the reduction pinion. Remove the starter gear.



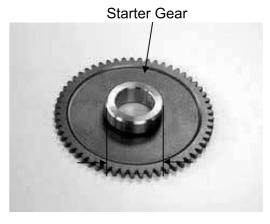
Starter Gear

INSPECTION

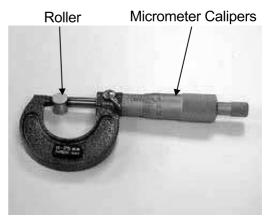
Measure the starter gear shaft I.D. Service Limit: 22.062mm replace if over



Measure the starter gear shaft O.D. Service Limit: 42.534mm replace if below



Measure the starter clutch roller O.D. Service Limit: 9.95mm replace if below



CAM CHAIN REMOVAL

Remove the starter gear. Remove the cam chain.

Remove the cam chain guide bolt.

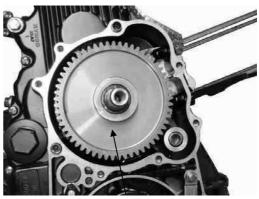


Cam chain guide bolt



STARTER GEAR INSTALLATION

Install the cam chain guide and cam chain. Install the starter gear.



Starter Gear

Lock Bolt

Flywheel Holder

AC GENERATOR INSTALLATION

Install the generator flywheel. Hold the flywheel with a flywheel holder and tighten the flywheel lock bolt.

- Install the flywheel by aligning the groove in the flywheel with the key on the crankshaft.
- When installing, be careful not to damage the starter clutch rollers.

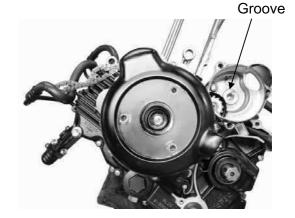
Torque: $4.0 \sim 5.2$ kg-m



LEFT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

Install the left crankcase cover and tighten the eight bolts. (Refer to 8-3.)

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

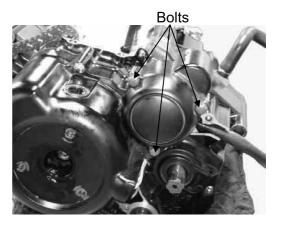


Install the reduction gear, shaft and washers. Then install the reduction gear cover and tighten the three bolts.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m



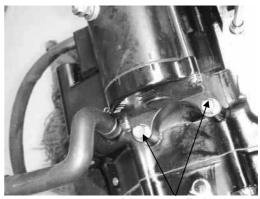
- Install the reduction gear shaft by aligning the shaft pin with the shaft seat groove.
- Apply engine oil to the reduction gear cover O-ring before installation.



STARTER MOTOR INSTALLATION

Apply engine oil to the starter motor O-ring and then install it. Install the starter motor. Tighten the two mounting bolts.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m



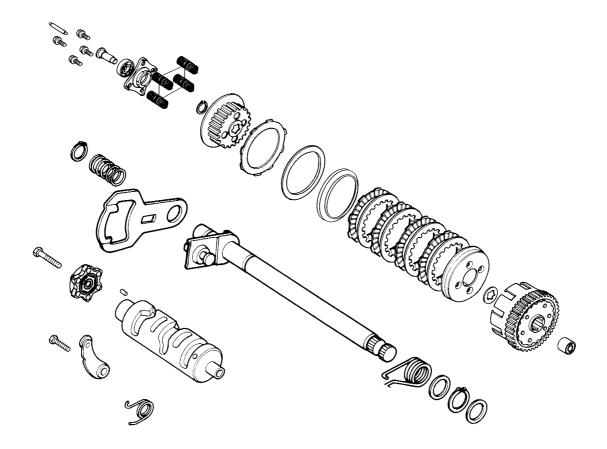
Mounting Bolts



-
-

CLUTCH/GEAR SHIFT MECHANISM

SERVICE INFORMATION 9-	-2
TROUBLESHOOTING 9-	
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL 9-	
CLUTCH REMOVAL 9-	
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION 9-	_





SERVICE INFORMATION GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The clutch and gear shift mechanism can be serviced in the frame.
- Install the clutch plates in the chamfer direction.
- Install the thrust washer with the chamfer facing up and the flat facing down.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Clutch spring free length	35.5	< 34.2
Clutch friction disk thickness	2.8~2.9	< 2.5
Clutch plate bending	0~0.1	>0.2
Clutch outer I.D.	111~111.5	>112.5
Clutch outer guide I.D.	30.0~30.021	>30.40

TORQUE VALUES

Clutch center lock bolt 0.8~1.2 kg-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Clutch slips during acceleration

- No free play
- Worn friction disk
- Weak spring

Clutch won't operate

- Excessive free play
- Bent clutch plate

Improper shifting

- Excessive clutch lever free play
- Bent gear shift spindle
- Worn or deformed gear shift plate
- Damaged transmission drum grooves
- Faulty gear shift cam stopper

Clutch won't operate; motorcycle moves moves slowly

- Excessive free play
- Bent clutch plate

Too much pressure on clutch lever

- Kinked, twisted or damaged clutch cable
- Damaged clutch lifter

Clutch does not operate smoothly

Improper clutch outer groove machining

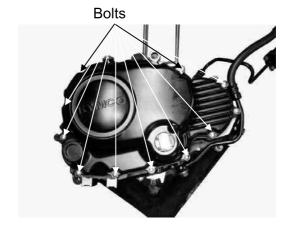
Gear tripping

- Faulty gear shift cam stopper
- Bent gear shift spindle
- Worn gear teeth



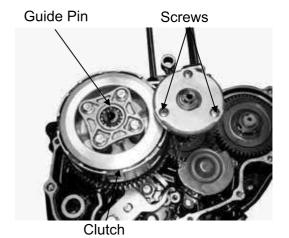
RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER REMOVAL

Drain the engine oil.
Disconnect the clutch cable.
Remove the right crankcase cover attaching 13 bolts and right crankcase cover.
Remove the clutch lever and bearing.



Remove the oil filter rotor cover. (Refer to 3-3.)

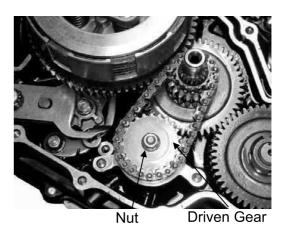
Remove the square nut.
Remove the square nut (left hand threads) on the balance shaft driven gear.
Remove the oil filter rotor.



Remove the oil pump gear cover.

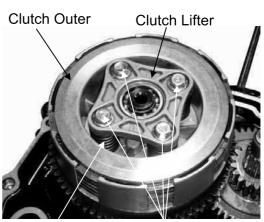
Remove the 6mm nut on top of the oil pump driven gear.

Remove the oil pump driven gear and chain. Remove the oil pump drive gear and clutch outer drive gear from the crankshaft.



CLUTCH REMOVAL

Remove the four clutch lifter bolts. Remove the clutch lifter and four tension springs.



Tension Springs

Bolts



Remove the 20mm circlip using a pair of pliers and then remove the clutch center, clutch friction disks and plates.



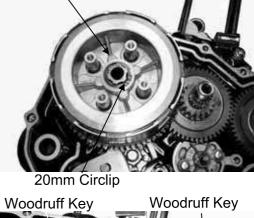
- When removing the circlip, do not expand it excessively to avoid deformation.
 - Install the circlip with the chamfered side facing down.

Remove the balance shaft drive gear and woodruff key from the crankshaft. Remove the special flange gasket on the balance shaft driven gear, driven gear and woodruff key from the balance shaft. Remove the oil pump shaft.

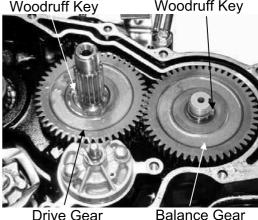


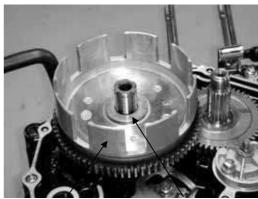
Be careful not to drop or lose the woodruff keys.

Remove the thrust washer, clutch outer and outer guide.



Clutch Center





Clutch Outer

Thrust Washer

INSPECTION

CLUTCH TENSION SPRING

Measure each clutch tension spring free length.

Service Limit: 34.20mm

Replace the spring with a new one if it is shorter than the service limit.





CLUTCH FRICTION DISK

Measure each clutch friction disk thickness.

Service Limit: 2.5mm replace if below



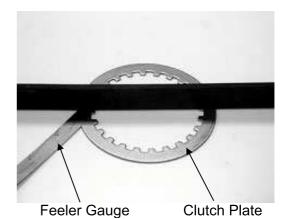
Clutch Friction Disk

Vernier Caliper

CLUTCH PLATE

Measure each clutch plate bending using a feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.20mm replace if over



CLUTCH OUTER/OUTER GUIDE

Inspect the clutch outer groove for scratches caused by the friction disks.

Measure the clutch outer I.D.

Service Limit: 112.5mm replace if over Measure the clutch outer guide I.D. **Service Limit**: 30.40mm replace if over



GEAR SHIFT MECHANISM

Remove the gear shift pedal. Remove the gear shift spindle and washer.



Gear Shift Spindle

Stopper



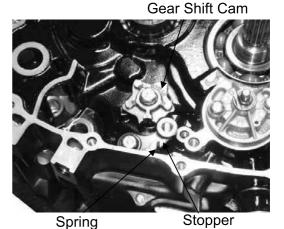
Remove the stopper and spring. Remove the gear shift cam bolt. Remove the gear shift cam and set pin.

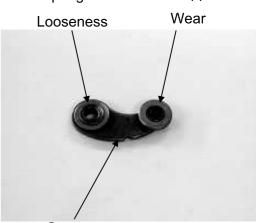
Inspection

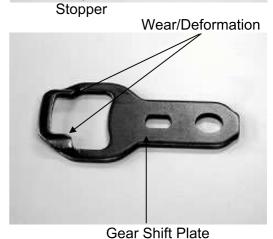
Inspect the gear shift cam stopper for wear or looseness and replace if necessary.

Check the gear shift plate for wear or deformation and replace if necessary.

Inspect the corners of the gear shift cam for wear or damage. Replace the cam if the corners are rounded.







Gear Shift Cam





Installation

Install the gear shift cam stopper and spring. Tighten the 6mm lock bolt.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

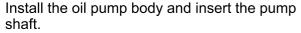
Install the set pin into the transmission drum

Install the gear shift cam, aligning the pin hole in the gear shift cam with the set pin. Then, tighten the bolt.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

- After the gear shift cam is installed, put the stopper in the gear shift cam groove and tighten the stopper bolt.
 - Rotate the transmission drum to make sure that the stopper operates properly.

Install the gear shift spindle and washer. During installation, make sure that the return spring aligns with the crankcase tab.



Install the balance shaft drive gear and woodruff key onto the crankshaft. Install the balance shaft driven gear and woodruff key onto the balance shaft.

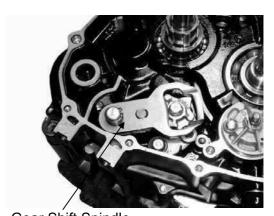
Be sure to align the punch marks on the drive and driven gears before installing the woodruff key onto the balance shaft.



Gear Shift Cam



Gear Shift Cam Stopper



Gear Shift Spindle



Pump Shaft



Install the clutch outer drive gear onto the crankshaft.

Install the oil pump drive gear onto the crankshaft.

Install oil pump driven gear and chain.

Install the clutch outer and thrust washer.

Install the thrust washer with the chamfered side facing up.

Install the oil pump chain and driven gear and secure it with the 6mm nut. Install the clutch assembly.

Stagger the clutch friction disks and clutch plates and then put them on the clutch center. Then install the clutch center together with the well-arranged friction disks and plates into the clutch outer.

Install the circlip.

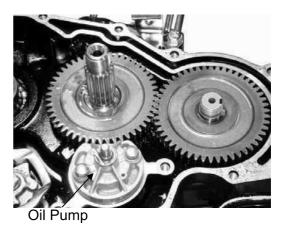
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Install the circlip with the chamfered side facing down.

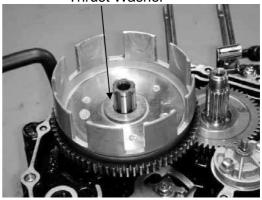
Install the tension springs and clutch lifter. Install the washers to the bolts and tighten the four bolts.

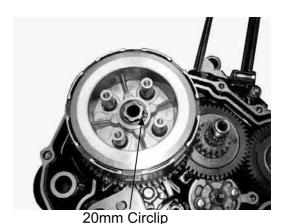
Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m

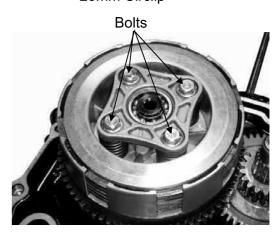
Install the clutch lifter guide pin.



Thrust Washer









Install the oil filter rotor.
Install the washer and tighten the square nut.

Torque: $4.0 \sim 5.0$ kg-m

*

Install the washer with the mark "OUTSIDE" facing up.

Install the special flange gasket onto the balance shaft driven gear with the flange facing down and then loosely install the square nut (left hand threads).

Tighten the square nut using the square socket.

Install the oil filter rotor cover.

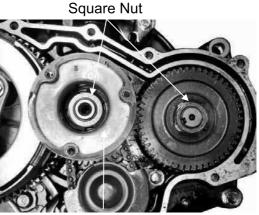
Check the gasket for wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Install and tighten the three oil filter rotor cover screws.

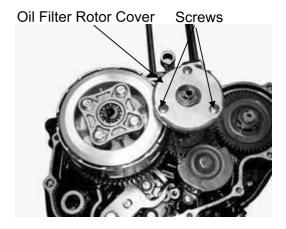
Torque: $0.3 \sim 0.4$ kg-m

Install the oil pump gear cover and tighten

the two bolts.



Oil Filter Rotor



RIGHT CRANKCASE COVER INSTALLATION

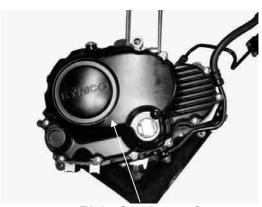
First install the dowel pins and then install the gasket.

Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the cover bolts.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m



Tighten the right crankcase cover bolts diagonally.



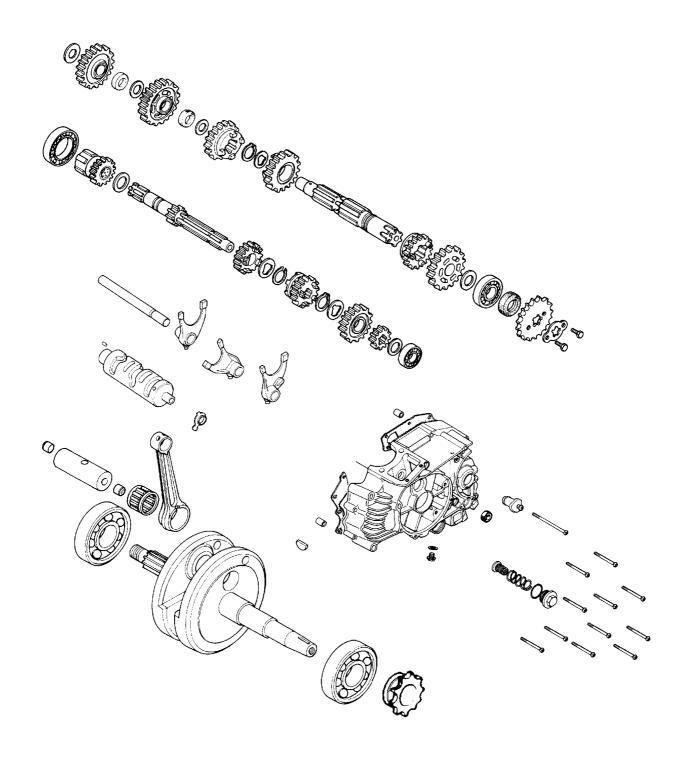
Right Crankcase Cover





CRANKCASE/GRANKSHAFT/TRANS-M	IISSION
CRANKCASE/GRANKSHAFT/TRANS-M SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE	ISSION
	ISSION
SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE	
SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE SERVICE INFORMATION	10-2
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SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE SERVICE INFORMATION	10-2 10-3 10-4
SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE SERVICE INFORMATION TROUBLESHOOTING CRANKCASE REMOVAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM REMOVAL STARTER SPINDLE	10-2 10-3 10-4 10-4
SYSTEM/STARTER SPINDLE SERVICE INFORMATION TROUBLESHOOTING CRANKCASE REMOVAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM REMOVAL	

10





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- During crankcase separation, do not separate the crankcase halves with an iron hammer to avoid crankcase deformation or damage.
- After separation, be careful not to damage the right and left crankcase mating surfaces to avoid oil leakage.
- Replace the gasket with a new one during reassembly of the crankcase halves.
- After transmission system disassembly, make sure that the gear shifting operation is normal before reassembly of the remaining parts.
- Apply engine oil to the transmission system and crankshaft before reassembly.

SPECIFICATIONS

	ltem		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Balance shaft	Left		16.964~16.984	< 16.924
balance snait	Right		16.964~16.984	< 16.924
Transmission	nsmission Claw thickness		4.93~5.0	<4.43
fork	Shaft hole I.D.		12~12.018	>12.058
Transmission f	ork shaft O.D.		11.976~11.994	<11.936
Transmission	Left		12.966~12.984	< 12.926
drum O.D.	Right		20.959~20.98	< 20.919
		Main shaft starter gear	$20.055 \sim 20.095$	>20.135
		Main shaft 4th gear	20~20.021	>20.061
		Main shaft 5th gear	20.02~20.041	>20.061
	Gear I.D.	Countershaft starter idle	19.52~19.541	>19.581
		Countershaft 1st gear	20.02~20.041	>20.081
		Countershaft 2nd gear	22.020~22.041	>22.081
Transmission		Countershaft 3rd gear	20~20.021	>20.061
gear	Main Shaft	Left crankcase side	14.978~14.989	<14.938
godi	O.D.	Starter gear	$19.959 \sim 19.98$	< 19.919
	0.8.	4th/5th gear	$19.959 \sim 19.98$	< 19.919
	Countershaft O.D.	Right crankcase	$14.966 \sim 14.984$	< 14.926
		Left crankcase	21.959~21.98	<21.919
		1st gear	16.466~16.484	< 16.426
		2nd gear	21.959~21.98	<21.919
		3rd gear	$19.959 \sim 19.98$	< 19.919
	Connecting ro	d big end side clearance	$0.05{\sim}0.3$	>0.8
Crankshaft	Connecting rod big end radial		0~0.008	>0.05
	Runout		0.03	>0.1



SPECIAL TOOLS

Bearing remover

Bearing remover block

Universal bearing puller

Bearing outer driver, 32x35mm

Bearing outer driver, 37x40mm

Bearing outer driver, 42x47mm

Bearing outer driver, 52x55mm

Pilot, 15mm

Pilot, 17mm

Pilot, 20mm

Pilot, 22mm

Inner bearing driver handle

Bearing outer driver, I.D. 30mm

TROUBLESHOOTING

Excessive engine noise

- Worn main shaft journal bearing
- Worn crankshaft pin bearing
- Worn transmission bearings

Transmission gear tripping

- · Worn gear teeth
- Bent transmission fork
- Bent transmission fork shaft
- Damaged gear shift cam stopper

Hard shifting

- Improperly adjusted clutch
- Bent or damaged transmission fork
- Bent transmission fork shaft
- Bent gear shift spindle
- Damaged transmission drum grooves



CRANKCASE REMOVAL

The following parts must be removed before removing the crankcase:

- •Cylinder head (Refer to Section 6.)
- •Cylinder/piston (Refer to Section 7.)
- •Starter motor/generator/left crankcase cover/starter clutch/camshaft (Refer to Section 8.)
- •Clutch/gear shift mechanism (Refer to Section 9.)

Turn the engine so that the left crankcase is facing up.

Remove the eleven crankcase attaching screws. Separate the left and right crankcase halves.

*

Never pry the crankcase apart with a driver to avoid damaging the mating surfaces.

Slightly tap the crankcase to separate the crankcase halves using a plastic hammer.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

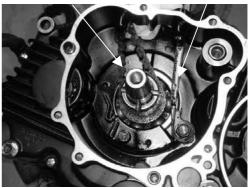


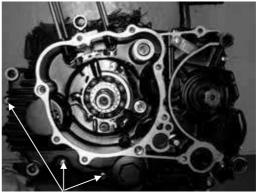
Be careful not to lose the gear shift spindle washer.

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM REMOVAL

Remove the transmission fork shaft and transmission forks.







bolt

Transmission Fork

Transmission Fork Shaft



Remove the transmission drum.

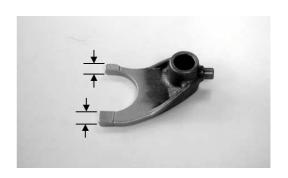


Transmission Drum

INSPECTION

TRANSMISSION FORK/DRUM INSPECTION Inspect each transmission fork for bending or damage.

Measure each transmission fork claw thickness. **Service Limit**: 4.43mm replace if below



Measure each transmission fork shaft hole I.D.

Service Limit: 12.058mm replace if over

Check the transmission fork shaft for bending or damage.

Measure the transmission fork shaft O.D. **Service Limit**: 11.936mm replace if below



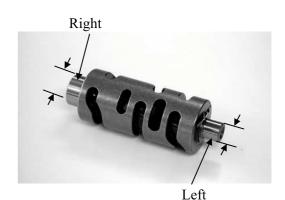
Inspect the transmission drum for scratches or poor

Check the transmission drum grooves for damage. Check the bearing for excessive free play. Measure the transmission drum O.D.

Service Limits:

Left : 12.926mm replace if below Right : 20.919mm replace if below

Check the transmission drum and transmission fork shaft holes in the left and right crankcase halves for wear or damage.



BALANCE SHAFT REMOVAL.

Remove the balance shaft assembly.



INSPECTION

Inspect the balance shaft for deformation and damaged grooves.

Measure the balance shaft O.D..

Service Limits:

Left : 16.924mm Right : 16.924mm

BALANCE SHAFT BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the balance shaft bearing from the right crankcase halves using the following tools.

Drive in new bearings using a bearing driver.

- *
- Apply engine oil to the bearing before installation.
- Drive in bearings squarely.

Special Tool

TRANSMISSION GEARS/ CRANKSHAFT REMOVAL

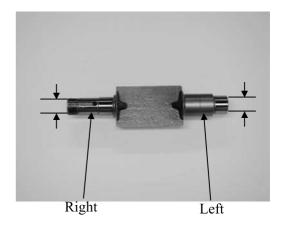
Remove the transmission main shaft and countershaft from the right crankcase.

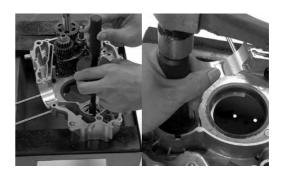
*

When removing, the transmission gears must be removed as a set.

Remove the crankshaft.

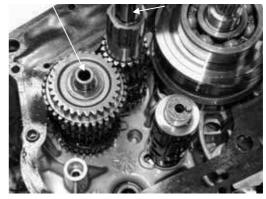
Disassemble the main shaft and countershaft.



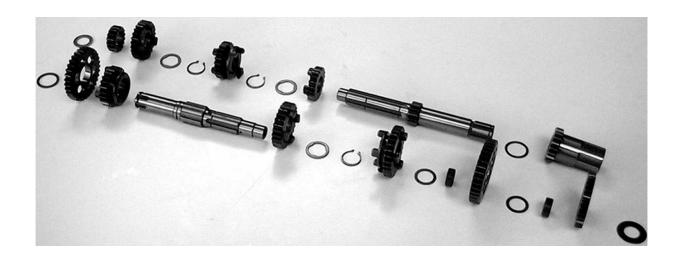


Countershaft

Main Shaft







GEAR/SHAFT COLLAR INSPECTION

Check each gear and gear teeth for wear, damage, or poor lubrication.

Measure each gear I.D.

Service Limits:

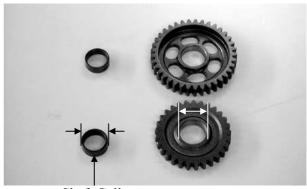
Main shaft 4th/5th gear: 20.061mm replace if over Countershaft 3rd gear: 20.061mm replace if over Countershaft 2nd gear: 22.081mm replace if over



Measure each shaft collar I.D.

Service Limits:

Countershaft starter idle gear: 16.6mm replace if over Countershaft 1st gear: 16.6mm replace if over



Shaft Collar

Measure each shaft collar O.D.

Service Limits:

Countershaft starter idle gear: 19.73mm replace if below Countershaft 1st gear: 19.23mm replace if below



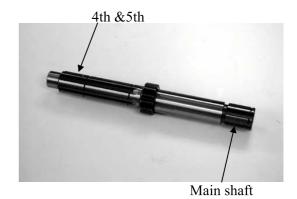
Inspect the main shaft and countershaft for wear or damage.

Measure the main shaft and countershaft O.D.

Service Limits:

Main Shaft:

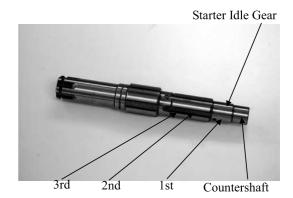
Starter gear: 19.919mm replace if below 4th/5th gear: 19.919mm replace if below



Countershaft:

Starter idle gear: 14.926mm replace if below

1st gear: 16.426mm replace if below 2nd gear: 21.919mm replace if below 3rd gear: 19.919mm replace if below



STARTER SPINDLE

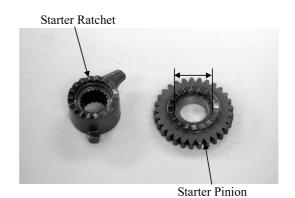
Disassemble the starter spindle.



Inspect the starter ratchet and starter pinion for wear or damage and replace with new ones if necessary. Inspect the starter spindle return spring for deformation or damage and replace with a new one if necessary.

Measure the starter ratchet I.D.

Service Limit: 20.10mm replace if over



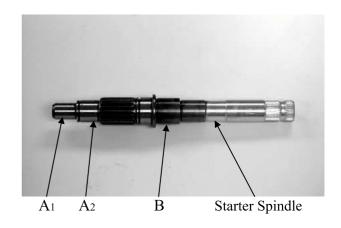


STARTER SPINDLE INSPECTION

Inspect the starter spindle for wear or damage. Measure the starter spindle O.D.

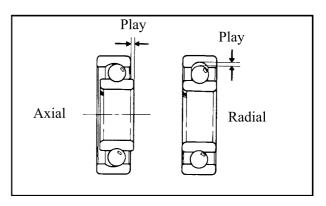
Service Limits:

A2: 15.95mm replace if below B: 19.95mm replace if below A1: 11.95mm replace if below



BEARING INSPECTION

Check the main shaft, countershaft and balance shaft bearings for smooth turning. Replace the bearings with new ones if they do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the case. If the countershaft needle bearing in the right crankcase is noisy or has excessive free play, replace it with the crankcase as a set.

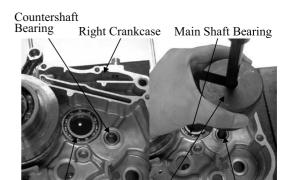


BEARING REPLACEMENT

Remove the main shaft and countershaft bearings from the left and right crankcase halves using the following tools.

Special Tool

Bearing Remover Block

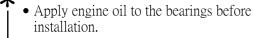


Main Shaft Bearing

Remover

Countershaft Bearing

Drive in new bearings using a bearing driver.



• Drive in bearings squarely.

Special Tool

Bearing Driver



Bearing Driver

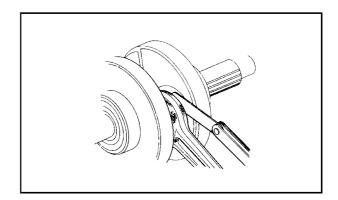


CRANKSHAFT

INSPECTION

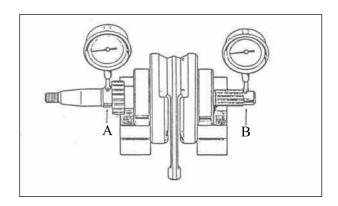
Measure the connecting rod big end side clearance.

Service Limit: 0.80mm replace if over



Measure the crankshaft runout.

Service Limit: 0.1mm replace if over



Check the crankshaft bearings for noise or excessive free play.

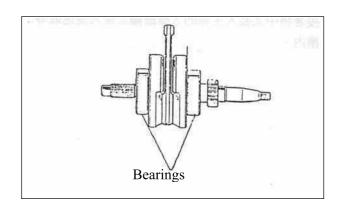
Replace if necessary.



Drive out the crankshaft bearings using the universal bearing puller.

Special Tool

Universal Bearing Puller E030



INSTALLATION

Install the starter spindle onto the right crankcase.

When installing the starter spindle, be sure to insert the return spring end into the crankcase hole.

Install the washer.

First assemble the main shaft and countershaft and then install them into the right crankcase.

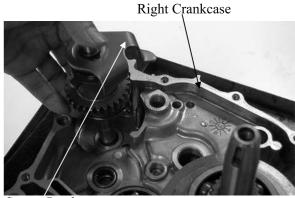
When assembling the main shaft and countershaft, be sure to install all of the washers.

Install the balance shaft. Install the transmission drum

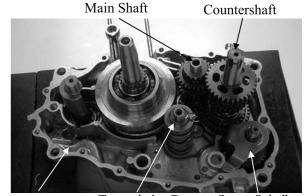
Install the right transmission fork to the countershaft 4th gear. Raise the gear and install the transmission fork guide pin into the transmission drum groove.

The transmission fork can be installed more easily by turning the neutral light copper piece on the transmission drum toward the cylinder.

Then, install the middle transmission fork to the main shaft 3rd gear and install the fork guide pin into the transmission drum groove.



Starter Pawl



Right Crankcase Transmission Drum Starter Spindle



Transmission Drum Right Transmission Fork



Middle Transmission Fork Right Transmission Fork



Install the left transmission fork to the countershaft 5th gear and install the fork guide pin into the transmission drum groove. Install the transmission fork shaft.

*

After installation, make sure that the main shaft and countershaft are parallel.

Transmission Fork Shaft

Dowel Pins



Gasket Crankshaft

Install the crankshaft.



Install the crankshaft squarely and do not strike it in forcedly.

Install the dowel pins and gasket.

CRANKCASE INSTALLATION



- Install the left crankcase by aligning the starter spindle with the left crankcase hole.
- When installing the left crankcase, make sure that the dowel pins and gasket do not tilt to avoid oil leakage.

Tighten the eleven crankcase attaching screws.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{kg-m}$



Tighten the crankcase attaching screws diagonally and evenly.

Install the following parts:

- Starter motor/generator/left crankcase cover/starter clutch/camshaft (Refer to Section 8.)
- Clutch/gear shift mechanism (Refer to Section 9.)
- Cylinder/piston (Refer to Section 7.)
- Cylinder head (Refer to Section 6.)

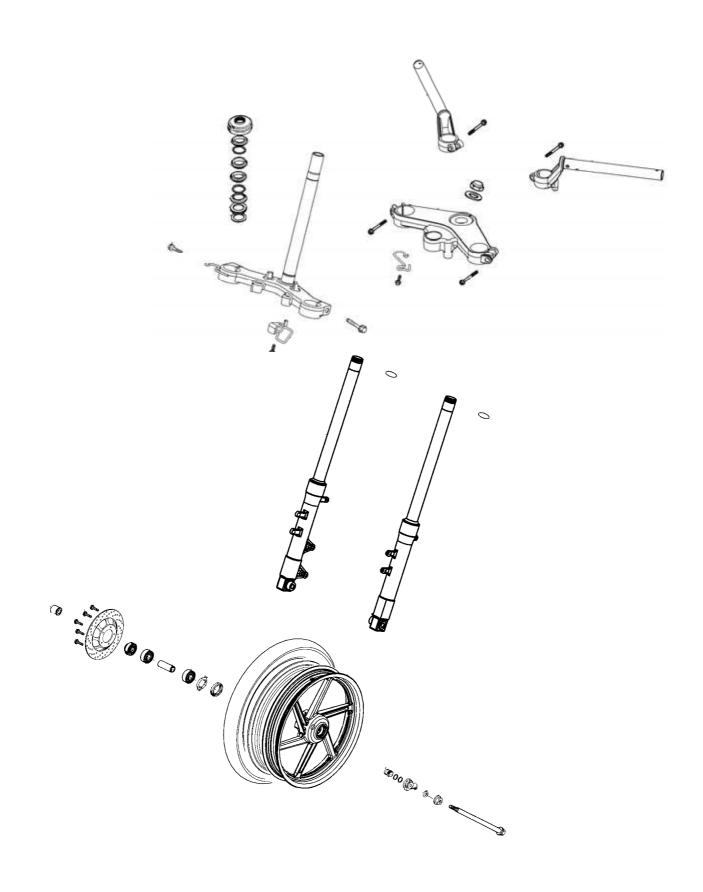


11. FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION/ STEERING



FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION	ON/STEERING
FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION	ON/STEERING
FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION SERVICE INFORMATION	
	11- 2
SERVICE INFORMATION	11- 2 11- 3
SERVICE INFORMATION TROUBLESHOOTING	11- 2 11- 3 11- 4
SERVICE INFORMATION TROUBLESHOOTING HANDLEBAR	11- 2 11- 3 11- 4 11- 7

11



11. FRONT WHEEL/SUSPENSION/ STEERING



SERVICE INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Front axle shaft runout		_	0.2
	Axial	0.5	>2.0
Front wheel rim runout Radial		0.5	>2.0
Front fork spring free length		456.8	<450.8
Front fork tube runout		_	0.2
Front fork oil capacity		202 cc	

TORQUE VALUES

Steering stem nut	$6.0\sim8.0$ kg-m	Front axle nut	$5.0\sim6.0 \text{ kg-m}$
Upper fork bridge bolt	$0.9 \sim 1.3 \text{ kg-m}$	Front fork upper mount bolt	3.0~4.0 kg-m
Master cylinder holder bolt	1.0 kg-m	Front fork lower mount bolt	3.0~4.0 kg-m
Front brake disk nut	1.5 kg-m		

SPECIAL TOOLS

Steering stem driver
Steering stem wrench
Ball race remover
Bearing remover head, 12m
Bearing remover head, 17m
Bearing driver handle
Attachment, 32x35mm
Attachment, 32x35mm
Attachment, 37x40mm
Fork seal driver
Pilot, 17mm



TROUBLESHOOTING

Hard steering

- Insufficient tire pressure
- Excessively tightened steering stem nut
- Damaged steering stem bearings
- Damaged steering bearing races

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- Uneven front shock absorbers
- Bent front fork
- Bent front axle or uneven tire

Front wheel wobbling

- Improperly tightened axle nut
- Bent rim
- Worn front wheel bearing
- Faulty tire

Soft suspension

- Weak fork springs
- Insufficient front fork oil

Hard suspension

- Incorrect front fork oil level
- Bent front fork tube
- Clogged front fork oil passages

Front suspension noise

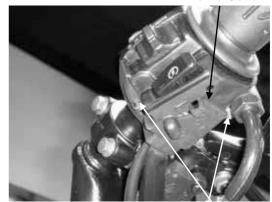
- Slider bending
- Loose front fork fasteners
- Insufficient front fork oil
- Worn front fork bearing
- Insufficient speedometer gear grease

HANDLEBAR

REMOVAL

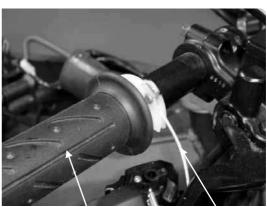
Remove the two throttle cover screws and the throttle cover.

Throttle Cover



Screws

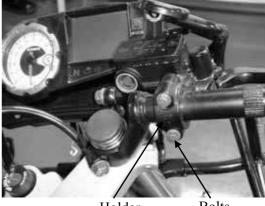
Disconnect the throttle cable from the throttle grip and then remove the throttle pipe from the handlebar.



Throttle Pipe

Throttle Cable

Remove the two master cylinder holder bolts and the master cylinder.



Holder

Bolts

Remove the two left handlebar switch housing screws, then separate and remove the housing.

Remove the two clutch lever holder bolts and the clutch lever holder.



Screws



Remove the two handlebar bolts to remove the handlebar.

INSTALLATION

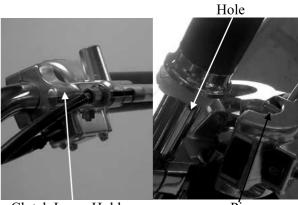
Install the handlebar in the reverse order of removal.

Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m



Bolts

When installing the right and left handlebar switch housings, align the pin on the housing with the hole in the handlebar. Tighten the two switch housing screws.

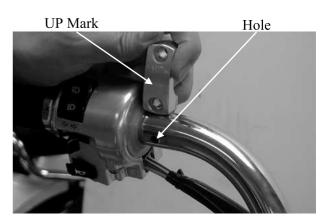


Clutch Lever Holder

Pin

When installing the master cylinder and clutch lever holders, align the tab on the holder with the hole in the handlebar with the holder "UP" mark facing up. First tighten the upper bolt and then the lower bolt.

Torque: 1.0 ~ 1.4 kg-m



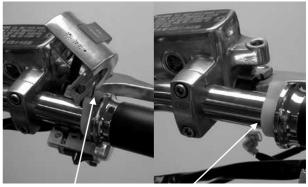
THROTTLE PIPE INSTALLATION

Clean the handlebar surface and install the throttle pipe. Check the throttle grip for proper operation.



Throttle Pipe

Connect the throttle cable to the throttle grip. Apply grease to the throttle cable. Install the throttle cover by aligning the pin on the cover with the hole in the handlebar and then tighten the two screws.



Throttle Cable

Hole



FRONT WHEEL

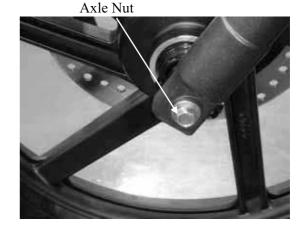
REMOVAL

Place a jack or other adjustable support under the engine to raise the front wheel off the ground.

Remove the speedometer cable set screw and disconnect the speedometer cable.

Remove the front axle nut and pull out the axle

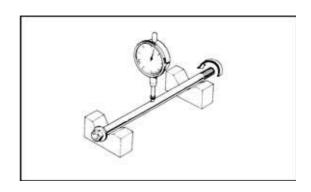
Remove the front wheel.



INSPECTION

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout using a dial gauge.

Service Limit: 0.2mm replace if over



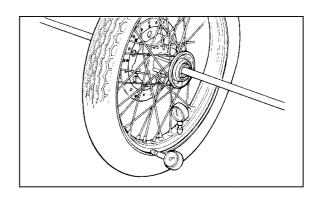
WHEEL RIM INSPECTION

Place the front wheel in a turning stand. Spin the wheel by hand and measure the rim runout using a dial gauge.

Service Limits:

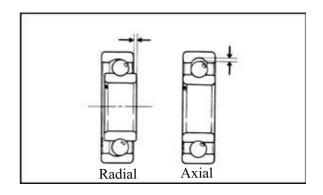
Axial: 2.0mm adjust if over **Radial**: 2.0mm adjust if over

Check the wheel spoke wires for looseness. If the wheel rim is made of aluminum alloy, replace with a new one if necessary.



Check the wheel bearing play by placing the wheel in a turning stand and spinning the wheel by hand.

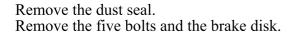
Replace the bearings if they are noisy or have excessive play.



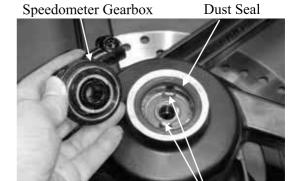
DISASSEMBLY

Remove the speedometer gearbox and dust seal from the left side of the wheel.

Remove the axle collar from the right side of the wheel.



Drive out the wheel bearings and distance collar.



Tabs

Axle Collar



Dust Seal Nuts



Bearing



ASSEMBLY

Pack all bearing cavities with grease. First drive in the right bearing and then install the distance collar. Finally, drive in the left bearing.

Bearing Driver Handle



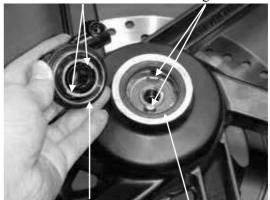
Install the brake disk and tighten the five nuts.

Apply grease to the dust seal and install the dust seal.

Dust Seal Brake Disk

Dust Seal Grooves

Brake Disk Flange Tab



Speedometer Gearbox

Dust Seal

Install the speedometer gearbox by aligning the tabs with the grooves.

Apply grease to the speedometer gearbox and dust seal, then install them to the wheel

11-9

from the left side.



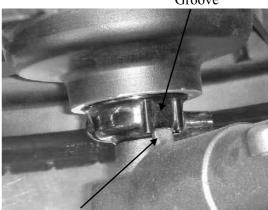
Install the axle collar to the right side of the wheel.



Groove

INSTALLATION

Install the front wheel onto the front fork, aligning the tab on the front fork with the groove in the speedometer gearbox.



Tab

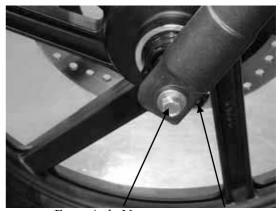
Insert the axle shaft and tighten the axle nut.

Torque: $5.5 \sim 7.0$ kg-m

Connect the speedometer cable and secure it with the screw.

*

Install the speedometer cable by aligning the groove with the tab.



Front Axle Nut Screw



FRONT FORK

REMOVAL

Remove the front wheel. (Refer to 11-7.) Remove the six front fender bolts and the front fender.

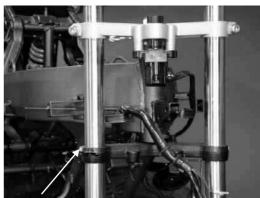
Remove the front brake caliper.

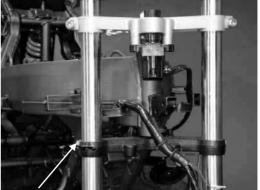
Loosen the upper and lower fork bridge bolts.

Remove the right and left front forks.

Upper Fork Bridge Bolts







Lower Fork Bridge Bolt



Front Fork Bolt

DISASSEMBLY

Place shop towels under the front fork tube. Use a vise to hold the front fork tube and remove the bolt.

When removing the front fork bolt, be careful that the spring in the tube may spring out.

Remove the front fork spring from the front fork tube and compress the spring several times to squeeze out the engine oil.

Use a vise to hold the front fork bottom tube and place shop towels under the bottom tube. Remove the socket head bolt.



- When using the vise, do not tighten the front fork bottom tube excessively.
- If it is difficult to remove the socket head bolt, temporarily install the front fork spring and front fork bolt.

Remove the front fork piston and return spring. Remove the front fork bottom tube and the oil stopper.



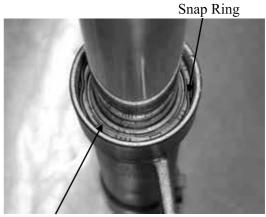
6mm Socket Spanner



Remove the dust seal and snap ring. Take out the oil seal and circlip.

*

- Do not damage the bottom tube when taking out the oil seal and circlip.
- Be sure to replace the removed oil seal and circlip with new ones during assembly.



Oil Seal

INSPECTION

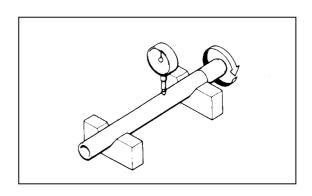
Measure the front fork spring free length.

Service Limit: 434.8mm replace if below
Replace the spring with a new one if it
exceeds the service limit.



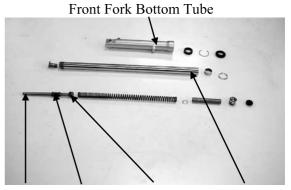
Set the front fork tube in V blocks and measure the tube runout.

Service Limit: 0.2mm replace if over



Check the front fork tube, bottom tube and piston for abnormal wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Check the front fork piston ring for wear. Check the return spring for weakness or damage.

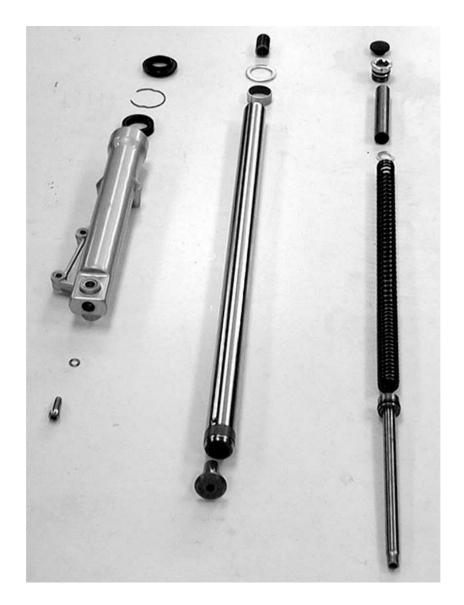


Piston Return Spring Piston Ring Front Fork Tube



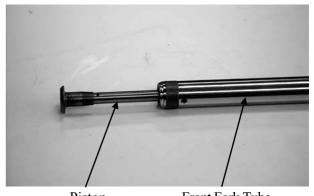
ASSEMBLY

Before assembly, clean the removed parts with high flash or non-flammable solvent.



Install the return spring and piston into the front fork tube and then install oil stopper to the piston end.

Install the front fork tube into the bottom tube.



Piston Front Fork Tube



Place shop towels under the bottom tube and set it in a vise. Apply locking agent to the socket head bolt and then install it into the piston. Tighten the socket head bolt using the socket spanner.

When tightening the socket head bolt, temporarily install the front fork spring and front fork tube.

Torque: $1.5 \sim 2.5$ kg-m

Apply engine oil to a new oil seal and install the oil seal using the fork seal driver. Then, install the snap ring and dust seal.



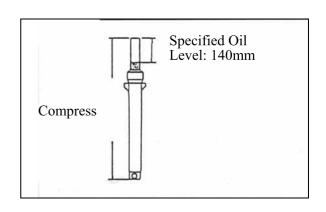
6mm Socket Spanner



Fully compress the front fork and fill SAE8# engine oil into the front fork tube.

Do not fill too much engine oil.

Specified Capacity: 202cc

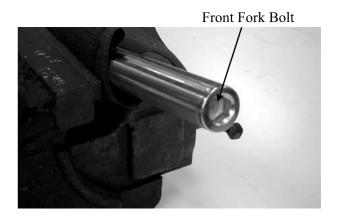


Install the front fork spring into the front fork tube with the closely wound coils facing down.

Install and tighten the front fork bolt.

Torque: $1.5 \sim 3.0$ kg-m

Install the front fork bolt rubber cover.

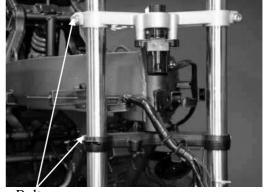




INSTALLATION

Install the front fork tubes into the upper and lower fork bridges.

Install and tighten the attaching bolts.

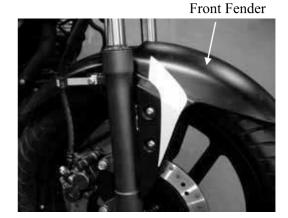


Bolts

Front Fender Installation

Install the front fender between the front fork tubes, then install and tighten the six bolts.

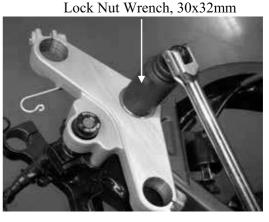
Torque: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m



1 1 1 1 20 22

STEERING STEM REMOVAL

Remove the handlebar. (Refer to 11-4.) Remove the front fork. (Refer to 11-11.) Remove the steering stem nut using the lock nut wrench.



Adjusting nut

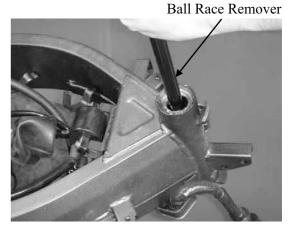
Remove the bearing adjusting nut, top cone race, steering stem and steel balls.



Place the steel balls in a parts tray so that they are not lost.



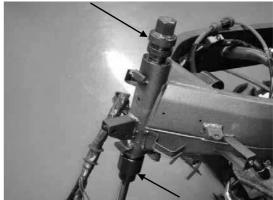
Remove the top and bottom ball races.



Bearing Driver Handle

BALL RACE INSTALLATION

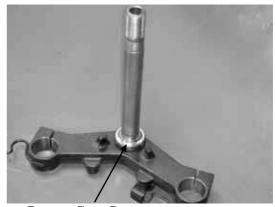
Drive the top and bottom ball races into the steering head using a bearing driver.



Attachment, 37x40mm

BOTTOM CONE RACE REPLACEMENT

Drive out the bottom cone race. Install a new washer and dust seal onto the steering stem and then drive in a new bottom cone race onto the steering stem.



Bottom Cone Race

STEERING STEM INSTALLATION

Apply grease to the top and bottom ball races and steel balls.

Install 21 steel balls each on the top and bottom ball races.

Install the steering stem into the steering pipe and then install the top cone race and the bearing adjusting nut.



Tighten the bearing adjusting nut until it seats against the top cone race, then turn it back 1/8 turn.

*

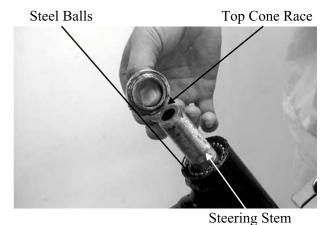
Check that the steering stem rotates freely and that there is no vertical play.

Install the front fork. (Refer to 11-15.) Install the top fork bridge, washer and steering stem nut.

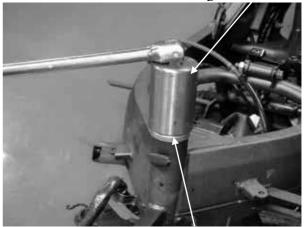
Tighten the steering stem nut.

Torque: $6.0 \sim 9.0$ kg-m

Properly adjust the installed front fork. (Refer to 11-15.)



Steering Stem Wrench



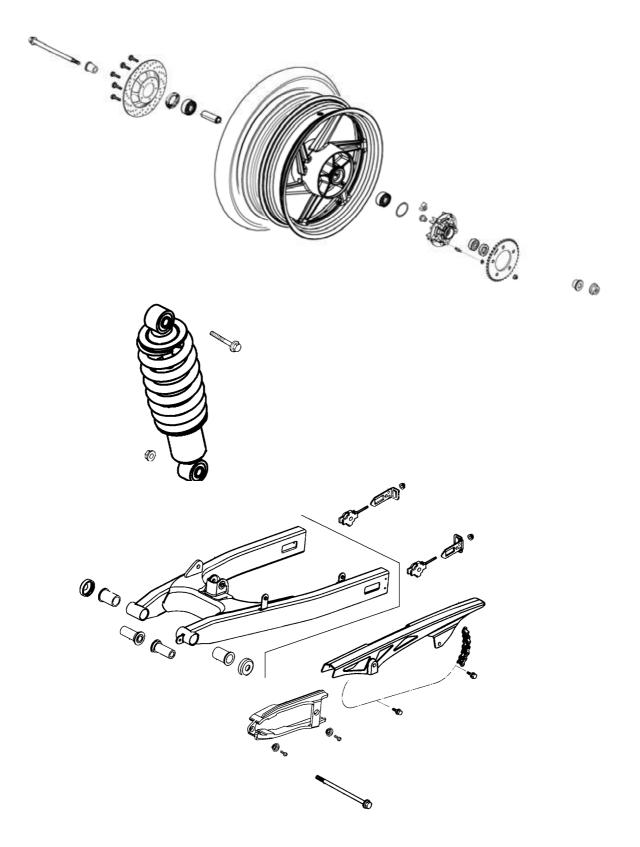
Steering Stem



REAR BRAKE/REAR FORK/REAR WHEEL/	
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER	
SCHEMATIC DRAWING	12-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	12-2
TROUBLESHOOTING	12-2
REAR BRAKE	12-3
REAR FORK	12-4
REAR WHEEL	12-5
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER	12-6



SCHEMATIC DRAWING





SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- When performing the services stated in this section, the engine and exhaust muffler must be cold to avoid scalding.
- During servicing, keep oil or grease off the brake pads and brake disk.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Rear wheel rim runout	_	2.0
Rear brake disk thickness	4.0	< 3.0
Rear brake disk runout		0.30

TORQUE VALUES

Rear fork pivot nut	$5.5{\sim}7.0~ ext{kg-m}$
Rear axle nut	$8.0 \sim 10.0 \text{ kg-m}$
Rear shock absorber lower mount bolt	$3.0{\sim}4.0$ kg-m
Rear shock absorber upper mount bolt	$3.0{\sim}4.0$ kg-m
Rear brake caliper holder bolt	$2.4{\sim}3.0~\mathrm{kg}$ -m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Rear wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Faulty tire
- Axle not tightened properly

Soft rear shock absorber

- Weak shock absorber spring
- Damper oil leaks

Rear wheel noise

- Worn rear wheel axle bearings
- Worn rear fork bearings
- Deformed rear fork

Poor brake performance

- Air in brake system
- Deteriorated brake fluid
- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Worn brake pads
- Clogged brake fluid line
- Deformed brake disk
- Unevenly worn brake caliper



REAR BRAKE CALIPER REMOVAL

First remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake fluid tube bolt and disconnect the brake fluid tube.

Remove the two bolts attaching the rear brake caliper.

Remove the rear brake caliper.

*

When removing the brake fluid tube, use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage.

Fluid Tube Bolt

Brake Caliper

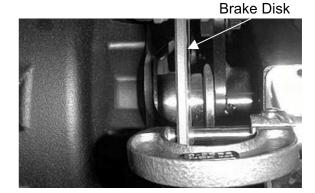
Bolts

INSPECTION

Inspect the brake pads and brake disk.

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Service Limit: 3.0mm replace if below



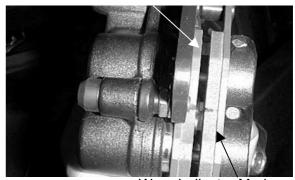
Brake Pads

Visually check the brake pad thickness and it should not exceed the wear indicator mark.

DISASSEMBLY

Remove the two brake pads dowel pins and three bolts from the brake caliper.

Remove the brake pads.



Wear Indicator Mark

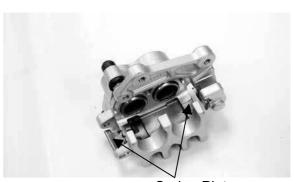
ASSEMBLY

Install the two spring plate into the groove of the caliper.



Make sure the spring plate next to the brake pad dowel pin orientation.

Install the two brake pads and brake pad dowel pin.



Spring Plate



INSTALLATION

Install the brake caliper to the rear fork and tighten the two bolts.

Torque: $2.4 \sim 3.0 \text{ kg-m}$

Connect the brake fluid tube to the brake caliper and install fluid tube bolt, copper washers and tighten the fluid tube bolt.

Torque: $3.0 \sim 4.0 \text{ kg-m}$

Fill the brake reservoir with the specified brake fluid and bleed air from the brake

system. (⇒14-10)

*

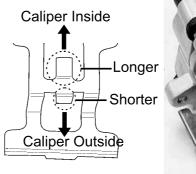
When installing the brake fluid tube, be sure to install the two copper sealing washers.

REAR FORK REMOVAL

Remove the rear wheel.
Remove the rear shock absorbers.
Remove the cover the rear fork pivot nut to remove the pivot and rear fork.

Remove the drive chain slider and check for wear or damage.

When replacing the rear fork pivot bushings, press the new bushings into the rear fork completely.





Fluid Tube Bolt bleed air bolt

Copper Washers

Cover



INSTALLATION

Install the rear fork in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the rear fork pivot nut.

Torque: $5.5 \sim 7.0$ kg-m

After the rear fork is installed, install the

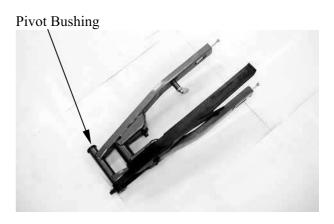
following parts:

Rear shock absorbers

Rear wheel

Drive chain cover

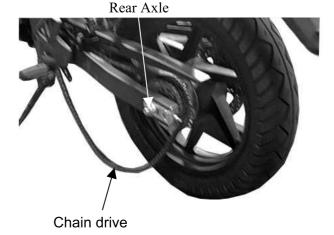
Rear brake adjustment





REAR WHEEL REMOVAL

Remove the exhaust muffler. Remove the rear brake caliper. Remove the rear axle collar. Remove the chain drive. Remove the rear wheel.



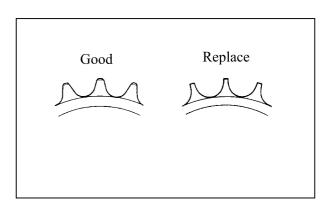
INSPECTION

Check the drive chain gear teeth for wear or damage.

Replace the drive chain gear if necessary.



If the drive chain gear teeth are worn or damaged, also check the drive chain and replace if necessary.

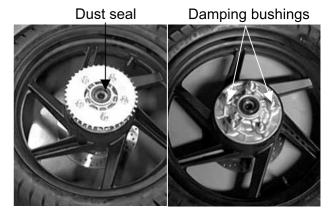


DISASSEMBLY

Remove the side collar and dust seal from the left side of the rear wheel.

Remove the four drive chain gear lock nuts. Remove the drive chain gear.

Check the damping bushings for damage.



Remove the wheel bearing.

Take out the rear axle collar.



Bearing remover



ASSEMBLY

Pack all bearing cavities with grease. Drive in the left bearing. Install the distance collar. Drive in the right bearing.



- Drive in the bearings squarely.
- Install the bearings with the sealed end facing out.

Install the drive chain gear.

Apply grease to the dust seal and install it to the bearing.

Install the side collar.

INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL

Remove the seat assy and body cover. Remove the rear shock absorber upper and lower mount bolts.

Remove the rear shock absorbers.

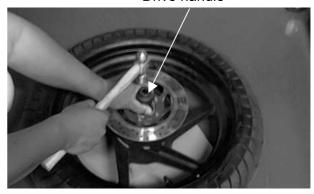
INSTALLATION

Depress the motorcycle to install the rear shock absorbers.

Tighten the shock absorber upper and lower mount nuts and bolts.

Torque: $3.0 \sim 4.0 \text{ kg-m}$

Drive handle

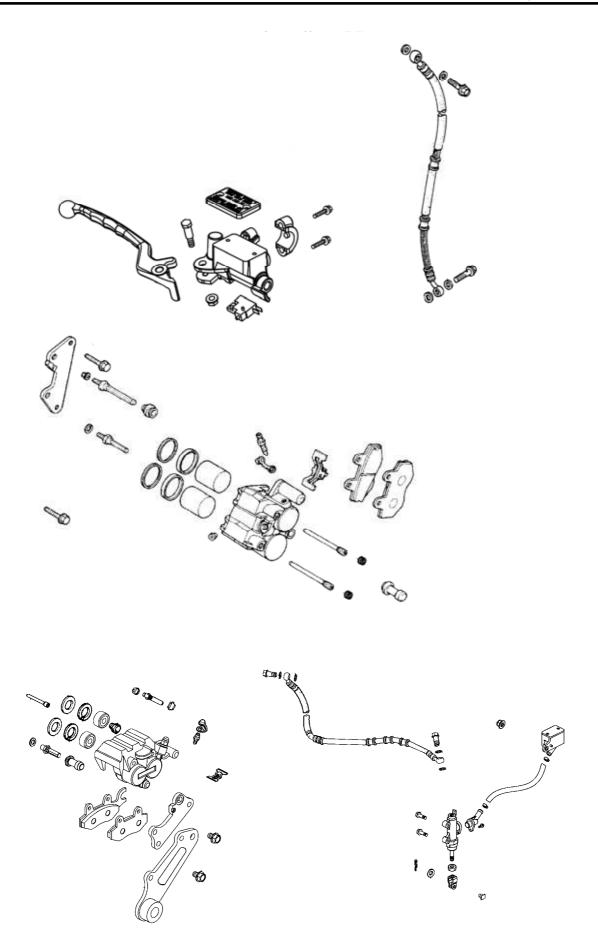


Upper Mount Nut



Lower Mount Nut







SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system before disassembly.
- Do not allow any foreign matters entering the brake reservoir when filling the brake reservoir with brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on any coated surfaces and instrument covers to avoid damage.
- Inspect the brake operation before riding.
- Brake fluid will damage painted, coated surfaces and plastic parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover and protect painted, rubber and plastic parts. Wipe off any splash of brake fluid with a clean towel. Do not wipe the motorcycle with a towel contaminated by brake fluid.
- Make sure to use recommended brake fluid. Use of other unspecified brake fluids may cause brake failure.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Standard (mm)	Service Limit (mm)
Brake disk thickness	4	3.0
Brake disk runout	0.15	

TORQUE VALUES

Caliper holder bolt	$2.4 \sim 3.0 \text{ kg-m}$
Pad pin bolt	$1.5{\sim}2.0 \text{ kg-m}$
Brake fluid tube bolt	$3.0{\sim}4.0$ kg-m
Caliper bleed valve	$0.4{\sim}0.7$ kg-m
Master cylinder holder bolt	0.8~1.2 kg-m

TROUBLESHOOTING

Loose brake lever

- Air in hydraulic brake system
- Brake fluid level too low
- Hydraulic brake system leakage

Tight brake lever

- Seized piston
- Clogged hydraulic brake system
- Smooth or worn brake pad

Hard braking

- Seized hydraulic brake system
- Seized piston

Poor brake performance

- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Brake disk or wheel not aligned

Brake noise

- Contaminated brake pad surface
- Excessive brake disk runout
- Incorrectly installed caliper
- Brake disk or wheel not aligned



BRAKE FLUID CHANGE/AIR BLEED

Place the motorcycle on its main stand on level ground and set the handlebar upright. Remove the two screws attaching the brake fluid reservoir cap.



Use shop towels to cover plastic parts and coated surfaces to avoid damage caused by splash of brake fluid.

Connect a transparent hose to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.

Use a syringe to draw the brake fluid out through the hose.

BRAKE FLUID REFILLING

Connect a transparent hose and syringe to the brake caliper bleed valve and then loosen the bleed valve nut.

Fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid and use the syringe to draw brake fluid into it until there is no air bubbles in the hose.

Then, tighten the bleed valve nut.



- When drawing brake fluid with the syringe, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.
- Use only the recommended brake fluid.

Recommended Brake Fluid: DOT-3

BRAKE SYSTEM BLEEDING

Connect a transparent hose to the bleed valve and fully apply the brake lever after continuously pull it several times. Then, loosen the bleed valve nut to bleed air from the brake system. Repeat these steps until the brake system is free of air.

When bleeding air from the brake system, the brake fluid level should be kept over 1/2 of the brake reservoir height.

Screws



Bleed Valve



Brake Reservoir





Brake lever



BRAKE PAD/DISK BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

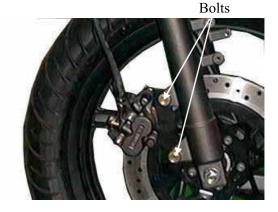
Remove the two bolts attaching the brake caliper holder.

*

The brake pads can be replaced without removing the brake fluid tube.

Remove the brake caliper.

Remove the brake pad pin bolt caps and then remove the pad pin bolts and brake pads.



Pin Bolts

Brake Caliper

Remove the pad springs.



Pad Spring

ASSEMBLY

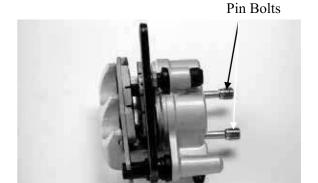
Assemble the brake pads in the reverse order of removal.

Tighten the pad pin bolts.

Torque: $1.5 \sim 2.0$ kg-m Tighten the pad pin bolt caps.



Do not tighten the pad pin bolt caps excessively.





BRAKE DISK

Measure the brake disk thickness.

Service Limit: 3.0 mm

Measure the brake disk runout.

Service Limit: 0.3 mm



BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER REMOVAL

Drain the brake fluid from the hydraulic brake system.

*

Do not splash brake fluid onto any rubber, plastic and coated parts. When working with brake fluid, use shop towels to cover these parts.

Remove the two master cylinder holder bolts and remove the master cylinder.

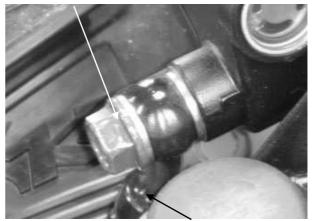
*

When removing the brake fluid tube bolt, be sure to place towels under the tube and plug the tube end to avoid brake fluid leakage and contamination.



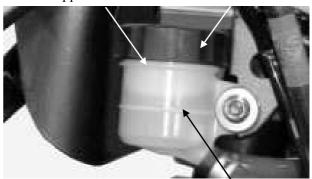
Please check if has enough brake fluid in the rear brake reservoir.

Fluid Tube Bolt



Fluid Tube

Upper limit Rear Brake Reservoir



Lower limit



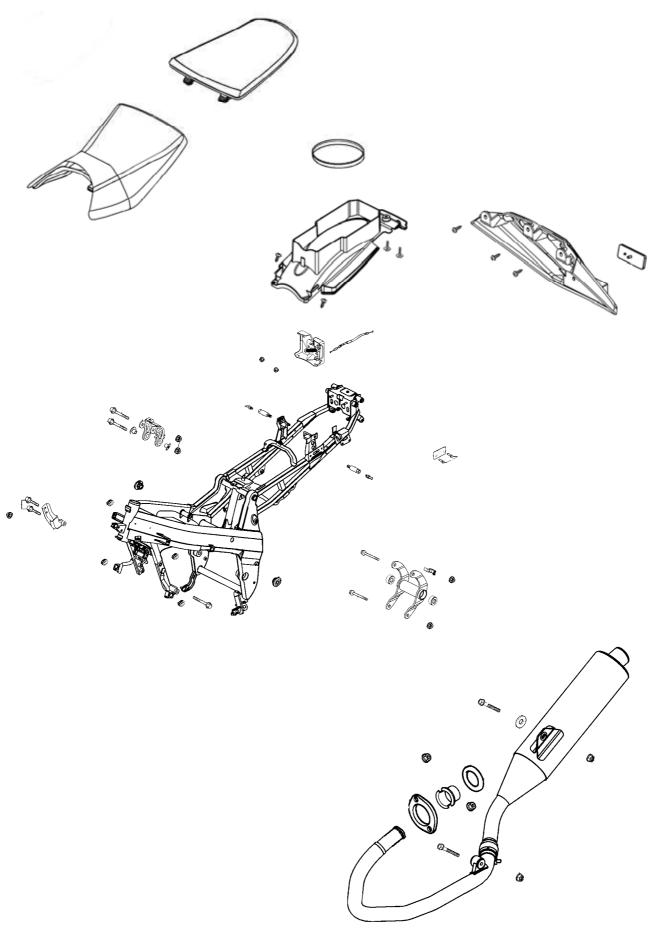
14. REAR CARRIER / EXHAUST MUFFLER

QUANNON 125

REAR CARRIER / EXHAUS	ST MUFFLER
	1 4 2
SERVICE INFORMATION REAR GRIP	14- 2 14- 2



14. REAR CARRIER / EXHAUST MUFFLER QUANNON 125





14. REAR CARRIER / EXHAUST MUFFLER

QUANNON 125

SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The exhaust muffler must be removed when it is cold to avoid burns.
- When installing the exhaust muffler, first tighten the exhaust muffler joint lock nuts and then tighten the exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt.

TORQUE VALUES

Rear carrier lock bolt	3.0 \sim 4.0 kg-m
Exhaust muffler joint lock nut	$0.8~\sim 1.2~kg-m$
Exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt	$2.4\sim3.0\mathrm{kg}$ -m



14. REAR CARRIER / EXHAUST MUFFLER

QUANNON 125

REAR GRIP

REMOVAL

Remove the two lock bolts on each side of the rear grip. Remove the rear grip.

EXHAUST MUFFLER REMOVAL

*

The exhaust muffler must be removed when it is cold to avoid burns.

Remove the two exhaust muffler joint lock nuts.

Remove the hanger head bolt attaching the rear foot step.

Remove the exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt.

Remove the exhaust muffler.

INSPECTION

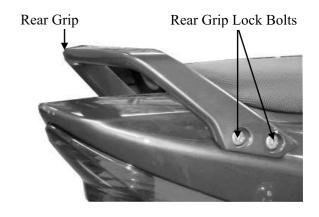
Inspect the exhaust muffler joint and gasket for damage, deformation or leakage. Replace if necessary.

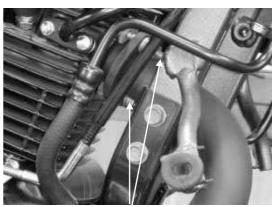
INSTALLATION

Install the exhaust muffler joint and gasket and then install the exhaust muffler. First tighten the two exhaust muffler joint lock nuts and then tighten the exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt.

Torques:

Exhaust muffler joint lock nut: $0.8 \sim 1.2$ kg-m Exhaust muffler hanger lock bolt: $2.4 \sim 3.0$ kg-m





Exhaust Muffler Joint Lock Nuts





KYMCOQUANNON 125

15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

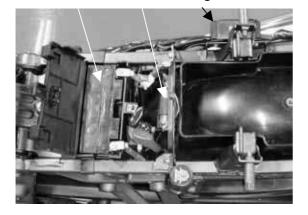
BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT ----- 15-1 SERVICE INFORMATION------ 15-2 TROUBLESHOOTING ------ 15-3 BATTERY------ 15-4 CHARGING SYSTEM ----- 15-5 A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION------ 15-5 REGULATOR/RECTIFIER INSPECTION ------ 15-6

VOLTAGE REGULATION TEST ------ 15-6



CHARGING SYSTEM LAYOUT

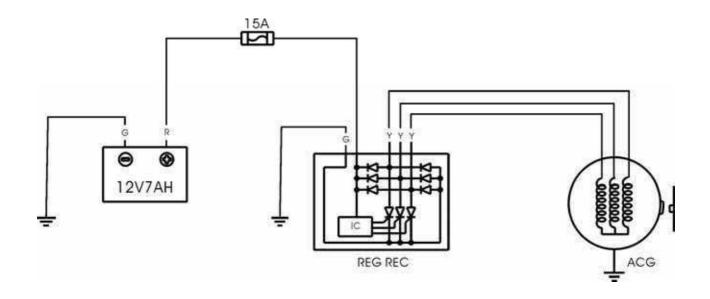
Battery Fuse Regulator/Rectifier





A.C. Generator

CHARGING CIRCUIT



15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS



The battery electrolyte (sulfuric acid) is poisonous and may seriously damage the skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, flush with water and get prompt medical attention

- The battery can be charged and discharged repeatedly. If a discharged battery is not used for a long time, its service life will be shortened. Generally, the capacity of a battery will decrease after it is used for $2\sim3$ years. A capacity-decreased battery will resume its voltage after it is recharged but its voltage decreases suddenly and then increases when a load is added.
- When a battery is overcharged, some symptoms can be found. If there is a short circuit inside the battery, no voltage is produced on the battery terminals. If the rectifier won't operate, the voltage will become too high and shorten the battery service life.
- If a battery is not used for a long time, it will discharge by itself and should be recharged every 3 months.
- A new battery filled with electrolyte will generate voltage within a certain time and it should be recharged when the capacity is insufficient. Recharging a new battery will prolong its service life.
- Inspect the charging system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting.
- Do not disconnect and soon reconnect the power of any electrical equipment because the electronic parts in the regulator/rectifier will be damaged. Turn off the ignition switch before operation.
- It is not necessary to check the MF battery electrolyte or fill with distilled water.
- Check the load of the whole charging system.
- Do not quick charge the battery. Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
- Remove the battery from the motorcycle for charging.
- When replacing the battery, do not use a traditional battery.
- When charging, check the voltage with an electric tester.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item		MF Type		
	Capacity		12V7AH	
	Voltage	Fully charged	13.2V	
Battery	(20 °ℂ)	Undercharged	ed 12.3V	
	Charging current		STD: 0.7 A	
Charging time		STD: 5-10hr		
A.C. Generator	Charging coil resistance (20°ℂ)		Yellow∼Yellow	$1.6{\sim}2.5\Omega$
	Charging performance		10.5A min/5000rpm	
Regulator/Rectifier	Limit voltage		Limit voltage 14.5±0.5V	

TESTING INSTRUMENTS

Ammeter

Electric tester.

Tachometer

KYMCOQUANNON 125

15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

TROUBLESHOOTING

No power

- Dead battery
- Disconnected battery cable
- Fuse burned out
- Faulty ignition switch

Low power

- Weak battery
- Loose battery connection
- Charging system failure
- Faulty regulator/rectifier

Intermittent power

- Loose battery cable connection
- Loose charging system connection
- Loose connection or short circuit in ignition system

Charging system failure

- Loose, broken or shorted wire or connector
- Faulty regulator/rectifier
- Faulty A.C. generator

15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM



BATTERY

Remove the seat.

Remove the battery cover screw and open the battery cover.

Remove the battery.

First disconnect the battery negative (-) cable and then the positive (+) cable.

When disconnecting the battery positive (+) cable, do not touch the frame with tool; otherwise it will cause short circuit and sparks to fire the fuel.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

First connect the positive (+) cable and then negative (-) cable to avoid short circuit.

BATTERY VOLTAGE INSPECTION (OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE)

Disconnect the battery cables.

Measure the voltage between the battery terminals.

Fully charged: 13.2V

Undercharged: 12.3V max.

Battery charging inspection must be performed with a voltmeter.

CHARGING

Connect the charger positive (+) cable to the battery positive (+) terminal.

Connect the charger negative (-) cable to the battery negative (-) terminal.

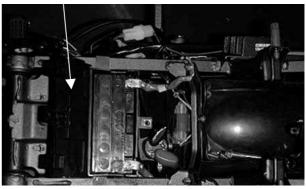
- Keep flames and sparks away from a charging battery.
 - Turn power ON/OFF at the charger, not at the battery terminals to prevent sparks near the battery.
 - Charge the battery according to the current specified on the battery.
 - During quick charging, the battery temperature should not exceed 45°C.
 - Quick charging should only be done in an emergency.
 - Measure the voltage 60 minutes after the battery is charged.

Charging current: 0.7A

Charging time : $5\sim10$ hours

After charging: Open circuit voltage: 12.8V min.

Battery Cover







15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM CURRENT TEST

Use a fully charged battery (12.8V min.) to check the charging system.

Warm up the engine before taking readings. Connect an electric tester across the battery terminals.

Disconnect the red wire from the fuse terminal and connect an ammeter between the red wire lead and the fuse terminal. Attach a tachometer to the engine.

Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed to measure the limit voltage and current.

Limit Voltage/Current: 14~15V/0.5A max. (5000rpm max.)

If the limit voltage is not within the specified range, check the regulator/rectifier.

A.C. Generator Connector



Engine Speed	2000rpm	5000rpm
Charging Current	7.5A min.	10.5A min.



When measuring the charging current, disconnect the black wire from the regulator/rectifier wire coupler.

If the readings do not meet the specified values, check the regulator/rectifier.

A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION



This test can be made without removing the stator from the engine. Disconnect the yellow wire from the auto bystarter.

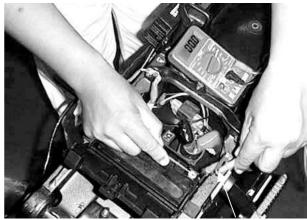
Remove the met-in box.

Disconnect the A.C. generator connector. Check the continuity between the yellow wires and ground.

There should be continuity between the yellow wires and no continuity between each yellow wire and ground.

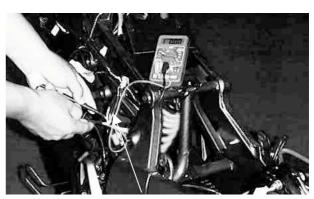
Resistance:

Yellow~Yellow	1.6~2.50
i ellow ~ i ellow	1.0~2.322



Red Wire





A.C. generator connector

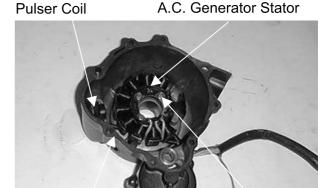
15. BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM

QUANNON 125

A.C. GENERATOR REMOVAL

A.C. generator removal (⇒10-3)

A.C. generator installation (⇒10-6)



Right Crankcase Cover

Bolts

REGULATOR/RECTIFIER

INSPECTION

Remove the right body cover.

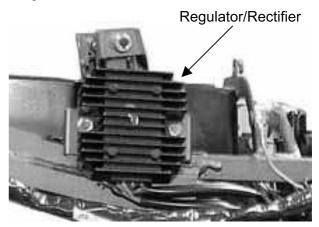
Remove the regulator/rectifier wire coupler. Check the continuity between the wire terminals.

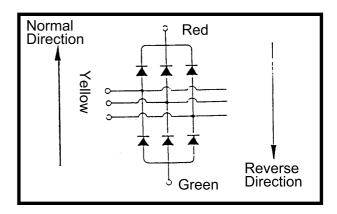
Normal Direction: Continuity

	(+) Probe (-) Probe	
I	Yellow	Green
II	Red	Yellow

Reverse Direction: No Continuity

	(1) Duals - (1) Duals -		
	(+) Probe	(-) Probe	
I	Green	Yellow	
II	Yellow	Red	



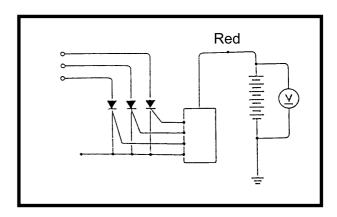


VOLTAGE REGULATION TEST

Connect a voltmeter across the battery terminals.

Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed.

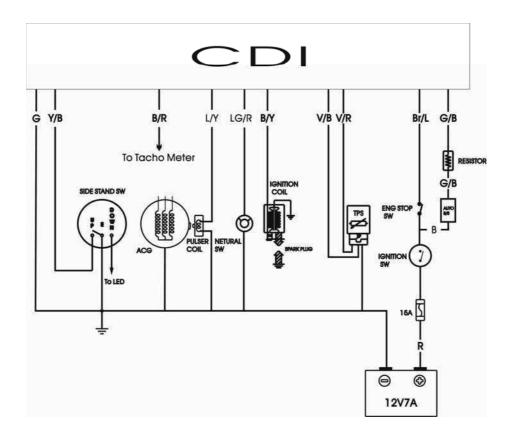
The battery terminal voltage should be within $14.0 \sim 15.0 \text{V}$.





IGNITION SYSTEM SERVICE INFORMATION------ 16-1 TROUBLESHOOTING ------ 16-2 SPARK PLUG ------ 16-3 IGNITION COIL INSPECTION ------ 16-3 A.C. GENERATOR INSPECTION------ 16-4

IGNITION CIRCUIT



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- Check the ignition system according to the sequence specified in the Troubleshooting. (⇒1-28)
- The ignition system adopts ignition unit and the ignition timing cannot be adjusted.
- If the timing is incorrect, inspect the ignition unit and A.C. generator and replace any faulty parts. Inspect the ignition unit with a ignition unit tester
- Loose connector and poor wire connection are the main causes of faulty ignition system. Check each connector before operation.
- Use of spark plug with improper heat range is the main cause of poor engine performance.
- The inspections in this section are focused on maximum voltage. The inspection of ignition coil resistance is also described in this section.
- Inspect the ignition switch according to the continuity table specified in page 19-3.
- Inspect the spark plug referring to Section 3.
- Remove the A.C. generator and pulser coil referring to Section 10.



SPECIFICATIONS

Item			Standard
Spark plug	Standard type		NGK CR8E
Spark plug gap			0.6mm ~ 0.7mm
Ignition timing	"F" mark Full advance		Repeatedly
	Primary coil		$0.2{\sim}0.3\Omega$
Ignition coil resistance (20°C)	Secondary	without plug cap	3.2 ~ 4.8KΩ
	coil	with plug cap	7.6 ~ 8.6KΩ
Pulser coil resistance (20°C)			100 ~ 120Ω

TESTING INSTRUMENT

Electric tester:

TROUBLESHOOTING

No spark at plug

- Faulty spark plug
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty ignition coil
- Faulty ignition unit
- Faulty A.C. generator

Engine starts but turns poorly

- Ignition primary circuit
 - -Faulty ignition coil
 - -Poorly connected wire or connector
 - -Poorly contacted ignition switch
- Ignition secondary circuit
 - -Faulty ignition coil
 - -Faulty spark plug
 - -Faulty high-tension wire
 - -Poorly insulated plug cap
- Improper ignition timing
 - -Faulty A.C. generator
 - -Stator not installed properly
 - -Faulty ignition unit

QUANNON 125

SPARK PLUG

For spark plug inspection and adjustment, refer to page 2-4.

IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

Remove the fuel tank. Remove the ignition coil



Inspect the continuity of the ignition coil, primary coil and secondary coil.

*

This is a general test. Accurate ignition coil test must be performed with a ignition unit tester.

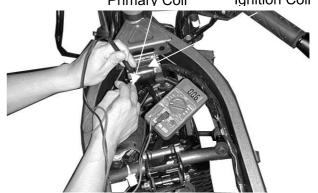
Measure the ignition coil resistances at 20°C.

Primary coil	0.2~0.3Ω
Secondary coil without plug cap	3.2 ~ 4.8KΩ
Secondary coil with plug cap	7.6 ~ 8.6KΩ





Primary Coil Ignition Coil



Secondary Coil





16. IGNITION SYSTEM



A .C. GENERATOR INSPECTION PULSER COIL INSPECTION

*

This test is performed with the stator installed in the engine.

Remove the R body cover. Disconnect the A.C. generator connector.

Disconnect the pulser coil wire coupler. Measure the pulser coil resistance between the blue/white and green/white wire terminals.

Blue/Yellow~Green/White

 $100 \sim 120\Omega$



Measure the resistance in the $X\Omega$ range.

Pulser Coil Wire Coupler



17. STARTING SYSTEM

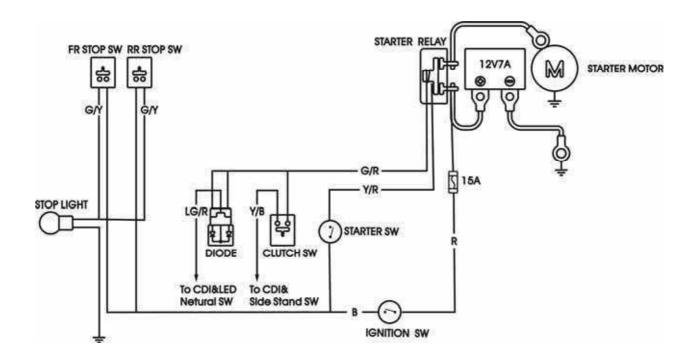


17

STARTING SYSTEM

STARTING CIRCUIT	17-1
SERVICE INFORMATION	17-1
TROUBLESHOOTING	17-1
STARTER MOTOR	17-2
STARTER RELAY INSPECTION	17-2

STARTING CIRCUIT



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- The removal of starter motor can be accomplished with the engine installed.
- For the starter clutch removal, refer to page 10-3.
- After the starter clutch is installed, be sure to add the engine oil and coolant and then bleed air from the cooling system.

TORQUE VALUES

Starter motor mounting bolt $0.35 \sim 0.5 \text{ kg-m}$

TROUBLESHOOTING Starter motor won't turn

- Fuse burned out
- Weak battery
- · Faulty ignition switch
- Faulty starter clutch
- Faulty front or rear stop switch
- · Faulty starter relay
- Poorly connected, broken or shorted wire
- Faulty starter motor

Lack of power

- Weak battery
- Loose wire or connection
- Foreign matter stuck in starter motor or gear

Starter motor rotates but engine does not start

- Faulty starter pinion
- Starter motor rotates reversely
- Weak battery

17. STARTING SYSTEM



STARTER MOTOR

REMOVAL

*

 Before removing the starter motor, turn the ignition switch OFF and remove the battery ground. Then, turn on the ignition switch and push the starter button to see if the starter motor operates properly.

Remove the front seat.

Remove the nut goes to the starter relay and relax cable band to disconnect the starter motor cable.

Remove the two starter motor mounting bolts and the motor.



Connect the starter motor cable.

Check the O-ring for wear or damage and replace if necessary.

Apply grease to the O-ring and install it to the starter motor.

Tighten the two mounting bolts.

TORQUE

Starter motor mounting bolt $~0.35~\sim~0.5~\mathrm{kg}$ - m

STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

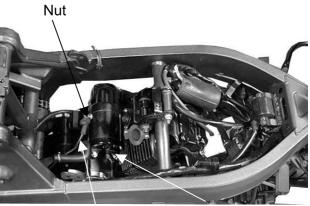
Disconnect the starter relay wire connector. Check for continuity between the yellow/red wire terminal and ground.

There should be continuity when the starter button is depressed.

If there is no continuity, check the starter button for continuity and inspect the wire.

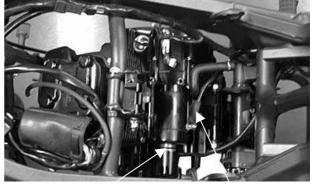
Connect the electric tester to the starter relay larger terminals that connect to the battery positive cable and the starter motor cable. Connect a fully charged battery across the starter relay yellow/red and green/yellow wire terminals.

Check for continuity between the starter relay large terminals. The relay is normal if there is continuity.



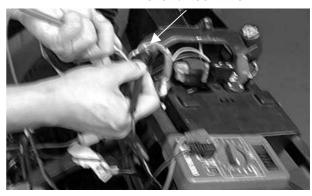
Starter Motor Cable

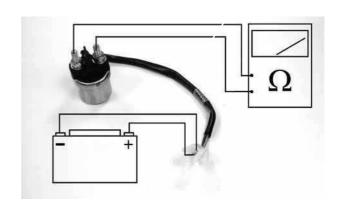
Bolts



O-ring Starter Motor Cable







18. LIGHTS/INSTRUMENTS/SWITCHES/HORN

18

LIGHTS/INSTRUMENTS/SWITCHES/HORN

SERVICE INFORMATION	18-	1
TROUBLESHOOTING	18-	1
HEADLIGHT	18-	2
TURN SIGNAL LIGHT	18-	3
IGNITION SWITCH	18-	3
STARTER BUTTON/HORN BUTTON/FUEL GAUGE	18-	3
HANDLEBAR SWITCHES	18-	4
FUEL UNIT	18-	6



SERVICE INFORMATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- All plastic plugs have locking tabs that must be released before disconnecting.
- An electric tester must be used for checking the continuity between two points. The electric tester also contains a voltmeter which can be used to measure voltage.
- Different bulbs have different specifications. When replacing, use a new bulb of the same specifications to avoid damage of the electrical equipment.
- The continuity check of switches can be made without removing the switches from the motorcycle.

SPECIFICATIONS

Headlight 12V 55/55W Stoplight/Taillight 12V 21/5W Turn signal light 12V 5Wx4 Fuse 15A

TROUBLESHOOTING

Light does not come on when ignition switch is "ON"

- Burned bulb
- Faulty ignition or light switch
- Fuse burned out
- Dead battery or loose battery wire

Light comes on but dims

- Weak battery
- Wire or switch resistance too high
- Aged bulb or faulty lighting circuit

Headlight beam does not change when dimmer switch is operated

- Faulty or burned bulb
- Faulty dimmer switch
- Loose wire connection

18. LIGHTS/INSTRUMENTS/SWITCHES/HORN

(KYMCOQUANNON 125

HEADLIGHT

REMOVAL

Remove the headlight unit and disconnect the headlight wire coupler.

Remove the headlight bulb and bulb socket. Check the bulb for damage and replace with a new one if necessary.

Bulb Specification: 12V 55W



Install the headlight in the reverse order of removal.

SPEEDOMETER

REMOVAL

Disconnect the speedometer cable. Remove the two bolts attaching the speedometer seat.

Remove the speedometer.

INSTALLATION

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

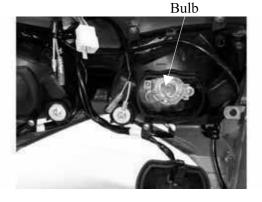
TURN SIGNAL LIGHT

Remove the turn signal light shell screw and the bulb.

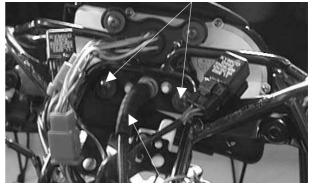
Check the bulb for damage and replace with a new one if necessary.

The installation sequence is the reverse of removal.

Bulb Specification: 12V 5W



Bolt



Speedometer Cable



Screw Light Shell

STOP LIGHT/TAIL LIGHT

Remove the two taillight shell screws and the shell.

Remove the bulb and check the bulb for damage. Replace with a new one if necessary.

Bulb Specification: 12V 21/5W



18-2

IGNITION SWITCH

INSPECTION

Check for continuity between the wires indicated below.

Color Position	Black	Red	Black/ White	Green
OFF			0-	<u> </u>
ON	\bigcirc	0		

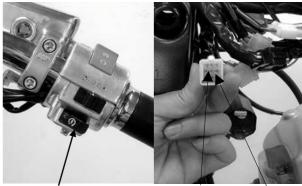


STARTER BUTTON

Remove the decorative covers under the fuel tank.

Disconnect the right switch wire coupler. Check for continuity between the black and yellow/red wires.

Color Position	Black	Yellow/Red
FREE		
PUSH	0	 0



Starter Button

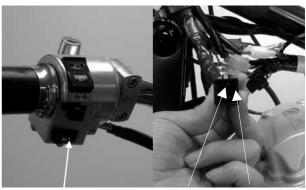
Yellow/Red Black

HORN BUTTON

Remove the decorative covers under the fuel

Disconnect the left switch wire coupler. Check for continuity between the black and light green wires.

Color Position	Black	Light Green
FREE		
PUSH	0	<u> </u>



Horn Button

Black Light Green

HORN

Remove the steering head decorative cover. Disconnect the horn wire coupler.

The horn is normal if it sounds when a 12V battery is connected across the horn wire terminals. Replace the horn if it does not sound.



18. LIGHTS/INSTRUMENTS/SWITCHES/HORN



HANDLEBAR SWITCHES FRONT STOP SWITCH

Disconnect the front stop switch wire coupler.

Check for continuity between the front stop switch wires.

Brake lever applied: There is continuity. Brake lever released: There is no continuity.



Front Stop Switch

Rear Stop Switch Wire

REAR STOP SWITCH

Remove the right side cover.

Disconnect the rear stop switch wire coupler. Check for continuity between the rear stop switch wires.

Brake pedal depressed: There is continuity. Brake pedal released: There is no continuity.

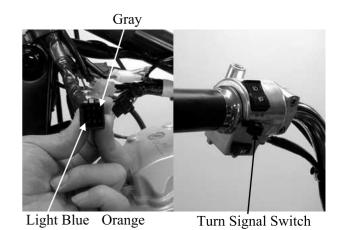


TURN SIGNAL SWITCH

Disconnect the turn signal switch wire coupler.

Check for continuity between the turn signal switch wires.

Color Position	Orange	Gray	Light Blue
R		\bigcirc	<u> </u>
L	\bigcirc	0	



QUANNON 125

Headlight Switch

HEADLIGHT SWITCH

Disconnect the headlight switch wire coupler. Check for continuity between the headlight switch wires.

Color Position	Black	Brown	Blue/White
OFF			
P	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	<u> </u>	
Н	0	-	0

Brown

Black

ENGINE STOP SWITCH

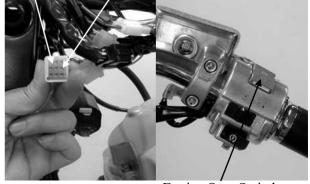
Disconnect the engine stop switch wire coupler.

Check for continuity between the engine stop switch wires.

Color Position	Brown/Blue	Black
RUN	0	 0
OFF		

Green Black/White

Blue/White

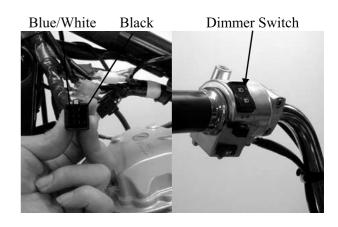


Engine Stop Switch

DIMMER SWITCH

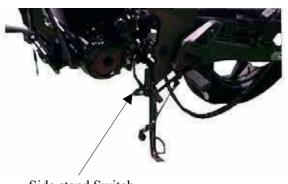
Disconnect the dimmer switch wire coupler. Check for continuity between the dimmer switch wires.

Color Position	Blue/White	Blue	White	Black
HI	\bigcirc	9		
LO	\bigcirc		0	
PASSING		0		9



SIDE STAND SWITCH

Color Position	Yellow/ Green	Green	Yellow/ Black
DOWN		\bigcirc	0
UP	0	0	



Side stand Switch

EXAMPLE 125QUANNON 125

18. LIGHTS/INSTRUMENTS/SWITCHES/HORN

FUEL UNIT

*

Keep flames and sparks away from the working area.

REMOVAL

Remove the front seat and fuel tank. Remove the four fuel unit attaching nuts. Remove the fuel unit.

*

Be careful not to bend or damage the fuel unit float arm.



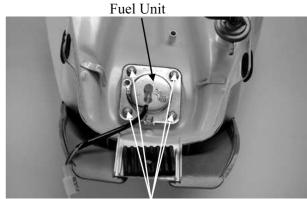
Nut

INSPECTION

Check the fuel unit O-ring for wear, damage or deformation. Replace if necessary. Measure the resistances between the fuel unit wire terminals with the float at the upper (Full) and lower (Empty) positions.

Resistances: Upper (Full): $9 \sim 25\Omega$

Lower (Empty): $70 \sim 100\Omega$



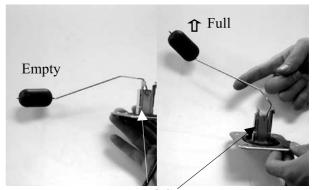
Nuts

INSTALLATION

Install the fuel unit in the reverse of removal.

*

Check for fuel leakage after installation.



Fuel Gauge